# Wakefield Regional Council <br> Annual Report 2021/22 

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## 2021/22 Snapshot

Roads

66.3 km of unsealed roads renewed
0.9 km of unsealed road upgrade
5.3 km sealed road renewed
1.26 km kerb/water table renewed

Development


154 development approvals
$\$ 22.7 \mathrm{M}$ value of all developments approved
22 houses approved
107 additions/sheds approved
Waste \& Recycling


1,183 tonnes of kerbside waste collected 320 tonnes of kerbside recyclable materials collected
349 tonnes of organic kerbside waste collected
5.93 tonnes of tyres collected

Customers and communication


1,484 customer service requests via email, web form or phone
1,577 Facebook followers
4,400 Facebook likes
27,206 unique website users
87,264 web page views
Regulatory services


2,022 dogs registered
412 cats registered
29 building inspections
37 food safety inspections
Finances

$\$ 9.27 \mathrm{M}$ general rate revenue raised
\$2.95M external grant funding received
$\$ 22.8 \mathrm{~K}$ funding support to town committees and newsletters
\$39.2K Small Business Incentives
$\$ 159 \mathrm{~K}$ in community grants awarded - minor/major grants, sponsorships, events and water support

## Message from the Mayor

It's an amazing time to be living in Wakefield as we see some of our biggest projects to date being built across our region with businesses, community groups and residents continuing to have a say as we work towards our Wakefield 2030 vision of a 'great place to do business and a great place to belong'.

Adopted in November 2020 and updated annually, our Wakefield 2030 Community Plan is guiding us as we deliver projects our community wants to see in the focus areas of liveable communities, thriving region and sustainable future.

This 2021/22 Annual Report highlights the key steps we are taking to achieve our vision.

A key project in 2021 was the upgrade of Balaklava and Hamley Bridge's main streets. Council successfully secured funding from the Federal Government's Drought Communities Program and Local Roads and Community Infrastructure Program to supplement its own budget for these projects worth a combined $\$ 1.6 \mathrm{M}$.

I had the honour of officially opening both main street projects - Balaklava was unveiled at the 2021 Christmas Pageant and Hamley Bridge's Light Street was launched in April 2022. Both of these projects aligned to the Wakefield 2030 objectives of creating liveable and thriving spaces for our communities and we are already seeing benefits as new businesses open their doors and visitors comment on the attractive environments created.

The Port Wakefield Master Plan progressed during the year with designers GDstudia enlisted to develop concepts for the plan's stage one projects: redeveloping the main street and foreshore precincts.

Port Wakefield - a historic town often bypassed by travellers along the Augusta Highway - was identified by Council as a potential tourism and lifestyle destination. Council has committed funding in 2022/23 to start this project and will have 'spade ready' designs to attract grant funding.

Council also implemented a new Rating Policy in April 2022. This policy - which was subject to extensive community consultation - has seen a reduction in rates for vacant land, industrial and commercial properties in the 2022/23 year, which supports Wakefield 2030 key strategies to develop residential land and grow our economy.

The policy includes a new method for calculating rates, a 'safety net' to cushion ratepayers from sharp rate increases and rebates for developers and businesses.

The new rating method - which has been independently verified by a chartered accountancy firm with significant experience in rating methodology - factors in annual capital valuation changes to see rates more evenly spread across land use categories.

A major transformation of the Balaklava Swimming Pool was well under way by the end of the 2021/22 financial year and - along with an upgrade of Owen Swimming


Member for Grey Rowan Ramsey, Hamley Bridge Community Association Chair Richard Gregory and Mayor Rodney Reid at the Hamley Bridge Main Street opening.


Splashpad construction at the Balaklava Swimming Pool in May 2022.

Pool and completed works at Hamley Bridge, our aquatic facilities will continue to be a drawcard for the community.

Balaklava will become an aquatic hub for the region, with the addition of a 25 m eight lane disability accessible pool and a splash pad featuring a water tipping bucket and water fountains. Owen's works will see a new water treatment system, plant and repairs to ensure the longevity of the pool.

Along with these major community infrastructure works, we continue to support community groups and businesses that call Wakefield home through our multiple grant programs - with Council injecting $\$ 198,000$ back into our communities throughout 2021/22.

Building on feedback from the Covid-19 support package, in September 2021 Council launched its first Small Business Incentives program which encouraged and supported businesses to grow, innovate and develop through two funding streams - up to $\$ 1500$ was available under the Promote and Develop stream for businesses looking to enhance the skills of employees or market business activities, while up to $\$ 3000$ was available under the Innovate and Renovate stream, which catered for projects that created new ways of working to give businesses a competitive edge.

Council's community grants for 2021/22 with a simplified application process delivered $\$ 110,000$ in funding to community projects across Wakefield.

With Council Elections being held in November 2022, we know there will be some new faces in the Chamber in the not-too-distant future. To those Councillors who are not standing for re-election or who are unsuccessful thank you so much for your efforts in the current term of Council.

Thank you to the Councillors and employees who have continued to work hard to deliver our vision and, on behalf of Council, I'd like to thank our Wakefield community who continually work with us to make Wakefield a great place to do business, and a great place to belong.

## Mayor

Rodney Reid



## Message from the CEO

From continuing our focus on road renewals and delivering major projects for the community, to progressing plans to create liveable spaces and places - the 2021/22 year was extraordinarily action packed.

At the heart of our activities has been our 'one team' approach which sees employees and Council Members working closely together, with the community, to progress and deliver the priority projects of our Wakefield 2030 Community Plan.

A major focus throughout the year has been building that 'one team' culture, recognising it is the key to delivering great service to our community and I am exceptionally proud of the team's pace and quality of service delivery over the course of the year.

Reflecting on the 2021/22 year there are a number of highlights, summarised below and through this report:

Road network renewals - for the second year in a row we have closed the gap on our unsealed road renewal program earlier than anticipated. This allowed us to commence the 2022/23 works ahead of schedule. Each year we continue to reduce the backlog of works on our unsealed roads and, thanks to the efforts of our team and contractors, we have been able to continue to reduce this backlog.

Major projects - several significant projects to promote liveable communities were completed, including:

- Main street redevelopments in Balaklava and Hamley Bridge were successfully delivered by Council staff and contractors to improve accessibility and amenities across these spaces. Significant changes including refurbishing building facades, lighting, reworking pedestrian crossings and major civil improvements have made a terrific impact.
- The Port Wakefield Master Plan was adopted by Council in August 2021 and is now guiding detailed design for the redevelopment of the historic town's waterfront, RSL building, caravan park and main street. This will be one of Council's most significant projects as it focuses on opening up the town to visitors, improving streetscapes, making the most of Port Wakefield's rich heritage and providing a strong sense of the town as a gateway to adventure.
- Major works to transform Balaklava Swimming Pool into a regional aquatic hub and upgrade Owen Swimming Pool surged ahead in 2021/22. Council successfully accessed State and Federal Government grants of almost $\$ 3.2 \mathrm{M}$ to support these projects, ensuring the pools could thrive into the future.

Planning for 'spade ready' projects - while a number of projects were being finalised, others started to take shape in 2021/22, including:

- Initial investigation and master plan concepts for Balaklava's railway corridor - to rejuvenate a rundown main thoroughfare in the town.
- Initial investigation and master plan concepts for Balaklava's central community and recreation space of Apex Park. Home to the new pool and popular Nature Playground, this park's development has been ad hoc and a more cohesive, attractive and accessible space is on the cards.
- Initial investigation and master plan concepts for the Blyth Sporting Precinct - the town's central sporting hub is also home to an RV park and BMX track, as well as memorial gardens, playgrounds and walking paths. Council, working with the Blyth community, intends to improve the quality of sport and recreation facilities to help encourage active, healthy lifestyles.
- Master plans for Ralli Park and Hamley Bridge Sporting Precincts - two major sporting and recreational destinations, these sites have also developed in a relatively ad hoc manner and master plans are required to guide sustainable and realistic development based on current and future priorities.

Economic development - Council continues to work closely with businesses and industries to promote Wakefield as a great place to do business. In 2021/22:

- Council hosted its first Careers and Employment expo, connecting large local employers with the region's youth. We identified an opportunity to showcase jobs to young people encouraging them to work with local businesses who were struggling to fill seasonal and full-time positions. About 120 students participated in the event, from three different schools.
- Work progressed on establishing child care services in Port Wakefield, with Council establishing a Community Reference Group to help guide a business case to help support future grant applications.
- Our inaugural year of a Small Business Incentives funding program proved successful as 15 local businesses accessed the grants which are designed to encourage small businesses to start-up, grow, innovate and develop.

COVID - reflecting on the past year it is important to acknowledge the continuing effects of COVID-19 on our communities. With the opening of the South Australian borders in late 2021, Council put in place a number of measures to ensure we could continue delivering services to the community should COVID-19 cases dramatically escalate. This includes steps to assess risks from COVID at our office, depots, libraries, halls, caravan parks and pools, work from home arrangements and other operational measures to manage our business-critical functions. As the COVID cases dramatically increased - including in our own workforce - we were able to continue delivering the services expected by our community.

I would like to thank our Council for its continued guidance in the past year and our hard-working employees who continue to live our values and help make Wakefield a great place to do business and a great place to belong.

## Andrew MacDonald Chief Executive Officer



## Wakefield 2030 Community Plan report



## Strategic targets

Council has set a number of strategic targets to ensure the progress and delivery of Wakefield 2030 is carefully monitored and adjustments made as necessary to ensure we remain on track.

The release of 2021 Census information, along with Council's own data, means we can now start reporting against those targets:

|  | Strategic target | Result | Measure | Comments - refer to later pages for more details |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The infrastructure gap on roads is reduced by a minimum of $\$ 1.2$ million/year to achieve a gap of less than $\$ 5$ million by 2030. | \$694,000 | Council asset data | As at 1 July 2021 backlog had reduced by $\$ 694,000$. As at 30 June 2022 the total reduction was \$2.3M |
|  | The volunteering rate for those aged 15 years and over has increased from 34.1\% (2016 Census) to 37\% by 2030. | 26.3\% | 2021 Census | Scoping is under way for a program to revitalise volunteering in Wakefield. While the decrease is disappointing it is a trend found across Australia, largely attributed to COVID. |
|  | Local jobs have increased from 3,060* (2018/19 figures) by a minimum of $1 \%$ (or 30 jobs) per year to achieve growth of 10\% (300 new jobs) by 2030 . | 3,098 | Economy.id | Council continues developing and delivering programs to support businesses and encourage employment and is working on an Economic Development plan in 2022/23. |
| OPEN | Local businesses have increased from 718 (2018/19 figures) by a minimum of $1 \%$ (or 7 businesses) per year to achieve growth of 10\% (72 new businesses) by 2030. | $667^{* *}$ | Economy.id | The decrease in businesses largely relates to the agriculture sector and Council has been advised this is more likely due to consolidation of ABNs as opposed to business loss. Council continues developing and delivering programs to attract new businesses and support existing businesses. |
|  | Wakefield's population has grown from 6,838 (2019 figures) by a minimum of $1 \%$ (or 68 residents) per year to achieve growth of 10\% (684 new residents) by 2030. | 6,780 | 2021 Census | Programs to attract residents to the region are in their infancy and it is anticipated growth already being evidenced through increased property sales - will occur in the coming years. |
|  | By 2030, the number and value of new development approvals has approximately doubled on the 10 years to 2019/20: <br> 500 new homes valued at $\$ 90$ million 400 new industrial developments valued at \$140 million | Totals since 1 July 2020: <br> 34 new homes valued at \$7.7M <br> 29 new industrial developments valued at \$12.4M | Council planning data | Council continues to work with developers to identify growth opportunities across the region. |

* This figure has been adjusted to 3,029. National Institute of Economic and Industry Research (NIEIR) ©2021 data is compiled and presented in economy.id. NIEIR-ID data are adjusted each year, using updated employment estimates. Each release may change previous figures.
** 2021 data


## Performance against Wakefield 2030

From the adoption of the Wakefield 2030 Community Plan in November 2020 to 30 June 2022, the following priority actions have been delivered or are in progress:

We have delivered:

- \$1.6M Balaklava and Hamley Bridge main street rejuvenation projects
- Master Plan for Port Wakefield to position the town as a tourism and lifestyle destination
- Celebrations to activate our main streets
- \$110K in community grants
- Community event sponsorships
- Comprehensive review of Council's Infrastructure Asset Management Plans
- Infrastructure renewal programs to close identified gaps
- New works depot at Balaklava
- New Lochiel playground
- Hamley Bridge Swimming Pool upgrade
- Lifeguard trial for the 2021/22 swimming season

We are progressing:

- \$3.2M Balaklava 'Pool for All' project
- \$820K Owen Pool upgrade
- Railway precinct and Apex Park Master Plans for Balaklava
- Review of Council buildings and potential consolidation
- Ralli Park and Hamley Bridge sporting precinct Master Plans
- Blyth Sporting Precinct Master Plan
- Walking/cycling trail development - 'Wool Trail' near Blyth and Brinkworth to Snowtown trail
- Public Health \& Wellbeing Plan
- Comprehensive youth survey to understand what young people most want to see happen in their region


## Starting in 2022/23:

- Initiatives to rejuvenate Blyth's South Terrace
- Youth Strategy to encourage under 25 s to stay and thrive in the region
- Revitalised Volunteer Program to attract new volunteers
- Lifeguard program for the three community pools
- Snowtown Sporting Precinct Master Plan
- \$20,000 sponsorships to support community events and celebrations aligned to Wakefield 2030 (including seed funding for new events)
- New sport and recreation program
- Town hall activation initiatives
- Pigeon control program
- Disability Access \& Inclusion Plan initiatives including $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$ program to implement outcomes from disability audit of Councilowned buildings and structures


|  | We have delivered | We are progressing | Starting in 2022/23: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - New Rating Policy offering rebate incentives for businesses and developers <br> - \$40K Small Business Incentives Program <br> - Support for new childcare services in Snowtown <br> - Port Wakefield childcare survey <br> - Strategic review of Port Wakefield and Balaklava caravan parks <br> - New consistently branded signage for all community RV parks <br> - Ticket machine for Snowtown RV park <br> - Hamley Bridge RV Park toilet upgrade <br> - Careers Expo for young locals to showcase local employment opportunities | - Economic Development Strategy, including business prospectus <br> - Tourist 'arrival and departure' opportunities at Port Wakefield <br> - Port Wakefield childcare community reference group to help shape new offering in the town | - Second year of $\$ 40 \mathrm{~K}$ small business incentives program <br> - Finalisation of business prospectus <br> - Port Wakefield childcare business case |
|  | - Ongoing roadside vegetation management and maintenance program <br> - Continued support for the Trees for Life's Bush for Life partnership to protect and enhance the Halbury Parklands <br> - An Emergency Management Plan and operational plans for Council to support preparing for, responding to and recovering from emergencies | - A program to support community revegetation projects on private and public land | - Waste and recycling survey of residents to understand where service improvements can be made <br> - Communication program to encourage greater recycling |

## Community services

Like all councils, we have a number of key responsibilities under the Local Government Act 1999 and other relevant legislation. These include:

- setting rates, preparing annual budgets and setting longer-term plans for the area;
- managing infrastructure including roads, footpaths, parks, public open space, street lighting and stormwater drainage;
- collecting waste and street cleaning;
- supporting the elected Council;
- development planning and control, including safety assessment; and,
- regulatory services, such as dog management and environmental health.

In response to community needs, we provide additional services and programs, including:

- Abandoned vehicles
- Animal management
- Asset management
- Building applications
- Caravan parks
- Cemeteries
- Community development
- Community grants
- Community halls
- Community transport
- Community wastewater management schemes
- Council newsletter
- Customer service
- Economic development
- Environmental health
- Fire prevention
- Food act administration
- Green organics recycling
- Library services
- Natural resource management
- Park gardens and open spaces
- Planning applications
- Playgrounds
- Property searches
- Public building maintenance
- Public conveniences
- Recreation and sporting facilities
- Recycling
- Road construction
- Road maintenance
- Road safety
- Stormwater drainage
- Street cleaning
- Street lighting
- Street signs
- Street trees
- Swimming pools (public)
- Tourism promotion
- Traffic control
- Waste management
- Youth services


Customer Services Coordinator Carol Wildbore is often the first face you'll see in our Balaklava Offices.


Project Administration Officer Clare Elsworthy and Works Crew member Graham East at the Balaklava Depot.


CEO Andrew MacDonald chats with Community Development Coordinator Holly Hannaford and Manager Development \& Regulatory Services Kirsty Morgan.

## Our Council



Council members from 2018-2022 from L-R - Denni Agnew, Michael Rankine, Wendy Williams, John Nicholls, Malcom May, Rodney Reid, Peter Bowyer, Michael Greenshields, John Wood and Terry Williams. South Ward Councillor Wendy Williams resigned her position on Council in March 2022.

## Our Council's decision making structure

Wakefield Regional Council ordinary meetings in 2021/22 were held on the fourth Wednesday of each month at 5 pm in the Phil Barry Chamber, Balaklava. Special meetings of Council were held as required. Council also held a workshop program that allowed Elected Members to discuss information on a range of topics.

Council's meeting structure incorporates committees under section 41 of the Local Government Act 1999 and committee meetings are scheduled in line with respective terms of reference. Committees have various delegated responsibilities as shown below.

To ensure effective decision making, Council also delegates authority to the Chief Executive Officer for a number of areas in accordance with legislative requirements and the corporate structure.

Wakefield Regional Council decision making structure as at June 2022

## Council

## Elected by and makes decisions for the Wakefield Community

## Council Committees

Established by and recommend to Council

## Council Senior Leadership Team

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CEO } \\ \text { Andrew } \\ \text { MacDonald } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Gamma$ \| |  |  | T | - |
| Deputy CEO Kelly | Manager Strategic Asset Delivery | Manager Asset Delivery | Manager Finance Muhammad | Manager Development \& Regulatory Services |
| Westell | Stuart Roberts | Hayden Battle | Jawad | Kirsty Morgan |

## Our Employees

## Our elected members

Wakefield Regional Council consists of a Mayor and nine councillors representing three wards:

- Three North Ward councillors
- Four Central Ward councillors
- Two South Ward councillors

In March 2022, South Ward Councillor Wendy Williams resigned her position on Council after more than three years serving the community. The position will remain vacant until the November 2022 council Election.

As at 30 June 2022, elected representatives were:

Deputy Mayor \& Central Ward Councillor Malcolm May
Councillor since 2014


North Ward Councillor Denni Agnew
Councillor since 2018


Central Ward
Councillor Terry Williams
Councillor since 2014


Mayor
Rodney Reid
Councillor 2006-2014, Mayor from 2014


North Ward Councillor John Wood

Councillor since 2006

North Ward Councillor John Nicholls

Councillor since 2018


Central Ward Councillor Michael Rankine

Councillor since 2018


South Ward Councillor Peter Bowyer

Councillor since 2015


## Our Council committees in 2021/22

| Committee | Meetings | Membership | Role summary |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Audit \& Risk Committee <br> - established under <br> S41 of the Local <br> Government Act | At least four <br> times a year | Mayor (who is Presiding <br> Member), two Councillors <br> and two independent <br> members | Monitor policy, risk management, internal <br> controls, finances and Council's strategic <br> and statutory responsibilities |
| CEO Performance <br> Evaluation Review <br> Committee - <br> established under <br> S41 of the Local <br> Government Act | As required | Mayor, Deputy Mayor and <br> one Councillor | Undertake annual review of performance <br> and remuneration package of the Chief |
| Infrastructure <br> Committee - <br> established under <br> S41 of the Local <br> Government Act | At least twice a | year | Mayor and eight Councillors |

## Meeting attendances

Council meeting attendances

| Council <br> Member | Ordinary council meeting (total 12) |  | Special council meetings (total 1) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Attended | Apology | Attended | Apology |
| R Reid | 11 | 1 | - | 1 |
| M May | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| D Agnew | 12 | - | 1 | 0 |
| P Bowyer | 12 | - | - | 1 |
| M Greenshields | 8 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| J Nicholls | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| M Rankine | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| T Williams | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| W Williams (total 8) | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| J Wood | 10 | 2 | - | 1 |

Audit and Risk Committee (4 meetings)

| Councillor | Attended | Apology |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mayor Reid | 4 | - |
| Deputy Mayor M May | 3 | 1 |
| J Wood | 3 | 1 |

CEO Performance Evaluation Review
Committee (1 meeting)

| Councillor | Attended | Apology |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mayor Reid | 1 | - |
| Deputy Mayor M May | 1 | - |
| M Rankine | 1 | - |

Committee (1 meeting)

| Councillor | Attended | Apology |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mayor Reid | 1 | - |
| D Agnew | 1 |  |
| P Bowyer | 1 |  |
| M Rankine | 1 |  |
| T Williams | 0 | 1 |
| J Wood | 1 |  |

## Community Grants Assessment

Infrastructure Committee (2 meetings)

| Councillor | Attended | Apology | Absent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mayor Reid | 2 | - |  |
| Deputy Mayor M May | 2 | - |  |
| D Agnew | 2 | - |  |
| P Bowyer | 1 |  | 1 |
| M Greenshields | 2 |  |  |
| J Nicolls | 2 |  |  |
| M Rankine | 1 | 1 |  |
| T Williams | 2 |  |  |
| J Wood | 1 |  | 1 |

## Delegations

The Chief Executive Officer has delegated authority from Council (in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999) to make decisions on a number of specified administrative and operational matters.

The Delegations Register can be found on Council's website and shows delegated authority from the Council to the CEO and any sub-delegations to other officers. Delegations are reviewed annually.

## Elected Member and Employee travel summary

Elected members
Mayor Rodney Reid attendance at ALGA Conference NGA 22
Accommodation: \$786
Travel: \$0
Staff
CEO, Andrew MacDonald attendance at ALGA
Conference - NGA 22
Accommodation: \$830
Travel: \$581

## Elected Members and Employee gifts summary

Elected Members
Mayor Rodney Reid
2/11/2021: \$1000 cash contribution towards the Owen Horse Yards given to Mayor Reid by an anonymous donor which was passed on to the Owen Community Centre Committee.

Staff
Andrew MacDonald, Chief Executive Officer 16/8/2021: Balaklava Racing Club offered two tickets to the Balaklava Cup, valued at approximately $\$ 150$ to Andrew MacDonald. Tickets were not accepted.

27/10/2021: Jensen Plus provided Andrew MacDonald with two tickets to the Main Streets SA Awards Dinner valued at approximately $\$ 200$. Tickets were accepted.

## Elected Member Training

The Local Government Act 1999 requires Council to prepare and adopt a Training and Development Policy for its Council Members, to assist them in the performance and discharge of their functions and duties. The policy is available on our website.

Council has established an informal gathering program to complement formal meetings and, as well as providing an opportunity for discussion on key topics, this provides Elected Members with information to assist them in the performance of their functions.

While no formal training was organised by Council in 2021/2022, informal gatherings were held to discuss various topics including:

- 2022/2023 Annual Community Plan \& Budget
- Long Term Financial Plan
- Wakefield 2030 (Review)
- Rate modelling and rating policy
- Unsealed Roads
- Community Grants Program
- Port Wakefield Highway Duplication
- Port Wakefield Masterplan
- Elector Representation Review
- Council By-Law Review
- Capital Renewal Program
- Inkerman Masterplan
- Code Amendment Proposal
- PW2PA Briefing on August Highway
- Ralli Park \& Hamley Bridge Masterplans
- Grants Commission Submission on roads funding
- National General Assembly items for consideration


## Elected members allowances

|  | $2020 / 21$ | $2021 / 22$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Mayor | $\$ 41,003.15$ | $\$ 42,171.66$ |
| Deputy Mayor | $\$ 12,697.22$ | $\$ 13,178.66$ |
| Councillors | $\$ 10,158.00$ | $\$ 10,542.80$ |

## Committee Allowances

|  | $2021 / 22$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Audit \& Risk Committee Indepen- <br> dent Member <br> (meeting plus travel allowance) | Sitting fee of <br> $\$ 400$ |

## Elector Representation Review

The Wakefield community is represented on Council by a Mayor, elected by the community, and nine Ward Councillors.

Council is required to review this structure at least every eight years (this last occurred in 2021), in line with Section 12 of the Local Government Act 1999. The review looks at all aspects of Council's structure such as ward boundaries and whether a Mayor or Chairperson should be voted in by the community or appointed by the elected member body.

## Elector Representation

The Table below indicates the average ratio of elector per elected representative for Wakefield is about mid-range compared to other councils of similar size and type:

| Council | Electors | Councillors (inc Mayor) | Representation Quota |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Coorong | 3900 | 9 | 433 |
| Goyder | 3119 | 7 | 445 |
| Tatiara | 4566 | 10 | 456 |
| Wakefield | 5015 | 10 | 501 |
| Yankalilla | 4576 | 9 | 508 |
| Naracoorte Lucindale | 6035 | 11 | 548 |
| Lower Eyre Peninsula | 3940 | 7 | 562 |
| Grant | 5647 | 10 | 564 |
| Clare \& Gilbert Valleys | 6862 | 10 | 686 |
| Adelaide Plains | 6878 | 10 | 687 |

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## Our Team



## Employee information

Compared to many other councils, we have a small team of 71 employees (as at 30 June 2022). This is equivalent to 60 full-time equivalent staff with the majority based in the field. The team has a mix of skills, experience and knowledge to deliver a range of services to our community.

A new organisational structure was implemented from 1 July 2021. The departments of the organisation and their responsibilities are as follows;

- CEO Department: Finance, HR and Governance
- Finance: rates, creditors, payroll, finance related administration, accounting.
- Community and Growth: Customer service, Economic Development, Community Development, Communications, WHS \& Risk, environmental health, planning and development and building, community compliance
- Infrastructure: Asset planning, management and delivery, project delivery, facilities and procurement, parks and gardens, construction and maintenance.


## Employee Engagement - Values

Council continued to focus on the new set of common values, as shown below


We put safety first


We work as
one team


We respect and value all people


We deliver exceptional service


We create a positive and supportive workplace


We are empowered to achieve great things

The values are integral in all that we do from recruitment, onboarding, development and retention, right through to transition to retirement. A cross-Council 'culture team' continues to operate to embed these values through staff engagement and to work on ways to hold the team to account.

An employee engagement survey of employees was conducted in March/April 2022, the results were exceptional with employee engagement and satisfaction high across all areas measured.

## Workforce Policies

We are committed to a robust, equitable approach to attracting and selecting the best people for roles, ensuring their skills, knowledge, experience and attributes will help us deliver high quality service to our community.

In 2021/2022, the Attraction and Recruitment Procedure was reviewed and amended to make the recruitment process more accessible and inclusive.

Council adopted a new Covid-19 policy: Provisions for Employee Support to support employees and their families to manage and minimise the impacts of Covid-19.

## Enterprise Bargaining

During 2021/2022 there were no Enterprise Bargaining negotiations as both Enterprise Agreements were not due for review.

## Equal Employment Opportunity Programs

Council continues to have in place Contact Officers as well as an external Employee Assistance Program. These initiatives provide employees with an opportunity to discuss work and non-work-related matters.

Additionally, Council remains MATES accredited, through Mates in Construction, an organisation which is an industry backed suicide prevention and support program operating in the construction industry.


Works crew member Jamie Williams onsite at the Owen Swimming Pool.

## Training and development

Staff training undertaken in 2021/2022 included:

- iResponda Bushfire Plant
- iResponda Information session Bushfire
- Dial B4 You Dig
- Managing Health \& Safety Risks at Work
- First Aid- CPR Annual
- Chemcert Training
- Disability Inclusion Awareness Session
- Bobcat Licence
- Front End Loader ticket
- Loader/Backhoe ticket
- Skid steer ticket
- HC Licence
- Return to Work Training
- Synergy Soft business system
- ICAC Training for Public Officers
- Brown Card Training
- Woody Weed Control
- Operate \& Maintain Chainsaws
- Asbestos Identification \& Awareness
- Silica Dust Awareness
- Playground Inspection
- Incident Investigations Masterclass
- Advanced Payroll Masterclass
- White Card
- Provide First Aid


## Senior officer salary packages

The following information reflects the number of Senior Executive Officers and information on allowances and benefits as part of a salary package. This information relates to the South Australian Municipal Salaried Officers Award and the Wakefield Regional Council ASU Enterprise Agreement 2020.

## Chief Executive Officer

- Contract salary.
- Pay increase to be determined at yearly performance review.
- Unrestricted personal use of a fully maintained Council vehicle.
- Superannuation as per the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 and LG Acts.
- Provision of a mobile telephone and laptop/tablet.
- Reimbursement of all expenses relating to the performance of the position.


## Deputy Chief Executive Officer

- Contract salary.
- Pay increase to be determined at yearly performance review.
- Private use within SA of a fully maintained Council vehicle.
- Superannuation as per the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 and LG Acts.
- Provision of a mobile telephone and/or reimbursement of personal mobile phone up to the value of \$100/ month.
- Reimbursement of all expenses relating to the performance of the position.


## Manager Asset Delivery

Manager Finance
Manager Strategic Asset Planning

## Group Team Leader Infrastructure

Manager Development \& Regulatory Services

- Wakefield Regional Council Australian Services Union Enterprise Agreement 2020 - Senior Officer Level 3 Year 3.
- Private use within SA of a fully maintained Council vehicle
- Superannuation as per the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 and LG Acts.
- Provision of a mobile telephone and/or reimbursement of personal mobile phone up to the value of $\$ 100 /$ month.

The table below summarises our performance against our 2021/22 Annual Community Plan \& Budget as at 30 June 2022.

|  | Commentary | Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 'SPADE READY' PROJECTS |  |  |
| Port Wakefield Caravan Park and tidal lagoon design | Incorporated into Port Wakefield Master Plan stage 1 projects - see below | In progress |
| Detailed design for Port Wakefield masterplan | Detailed design under way, with award-winning design firm GDstudia appointed to manage the project. Council budget of $\$ 500,000$ for stage 1 works matched by \$500,000 external funding through the Federal Government's Local Roads and Community Infrastructure Program | In progress |
| Balaklava Railway corridor initial investigation and concept design | Master plan for the railway corridor in development, with JPE Design Studio delivering landscape architecture, partnering with InsideEDGE sports, recreation and asset planners | In progress |
| Apex Park, Balaklava, detailed design and cost estimates to improve access and presentation | Master plan for Apex Park in development, with JPE Design Studio delivering landscape architecture, partnering with InsideEDGE sports, recreation and asset planners | In progress |


| CAPITAL PROJECTS |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Roads - sealed | Largely complete - some deferrals due to other projects (e.g. Port <br> Wakefield Highway duplication) | Largely <br> complete |
| Kerb and water table | Largely complete. Blyth works deferred to 2022/2023 financial year <br> to align with South Terrace project | Largely <br> complete |
| Footpaths (Balaklava, <br> Brinkworth, Owen) | Balaklava - Howe St complete, with Railway Tce in progress. <br> Brinkworth - complete. Owen - deferred to 2022/2023 due to <br> contractor availability | Largely <br> complete |
| Stormwater assets | Project currently in the design stage are: levee bank at Bowmans and <br> Townsvale Estate. Balaklava Local Drainage Study has been deferred <br> to 2022/2023 due to consultant availability. Flood Plain Mapping <br> of the Wakefield River is no longer required as the project was <br> undertaken by State Government. | In progress |
| CWMS assets | CWMS infrastructure renewals completed - new intake screen at <br> Port Wakefield treatment plant to commence in 2022/23. Renewal <br> of switch boards and utility sheds deferred. SCADA installation <br> completed | Largely <br> complete |
| Swimming pools | Balaklava 'pool for all' - significant progress made and on track for <br> delivery by end of 2022. Owen pool excavation under way | In progress |
| Cemeteries | New niche wall installed at Snowtown | Complete |
| Playgrounds | Playground shade sails installed as planned | Complete |
| Transfer stations | Security camera system installed | Complete |
| New Balaklava Depot | Dog pound and sheds under construction, plant nursery being <br> finalised, emulsion tank pad and power laid, other works under way | In progress |
| Plant and machinery | Owen Town Hall - major repairs to walls, floor and roof deferred <br> awaiting engineering report. | Deferred |
| IT hardware | Whitwarta Bridge guardrail and Big Dipper Road guardrail are <br> currently out to tender with work to commence in 2022/2023. <br> Quinlans Bridge replacement is in design phase and the Dunns Bridge <br> road closure is in progress. | In progress <br> Completed light vehicle and minor plant replacement. Several orders <br> delayed due to COVID. | | In progress |
| :--- |
| Bridges |
| Ongoing replacement of hardware |


| OPERATING PROJECTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Town committee contributions | Contributions to support town committees made in line with Council policy and budget | Complete |
| Community grants program | All minor/major/events grants processed | Complete |
| Towns newsletter funding | Funds distributed as per budget | Complete |
| Small business incentives program | Small business incentives program fully expended | Complete |
| Water support program | Eligible groups supported with mains watering costs | Complete |
| Funding to support events and celebrations to activate our public spaces | Christmas and main street project launch events supported | Complete |
| Wool trail between Blyth \& Brinkworth (subject to 50\% external grant funding) | Grant application unsuccessful. Project deferred to 2022/2023 to align with the next round of grants | Deferred |
| Support to community network of free or low-cost RV parks | Manufacture and installation of RV signage is complete. Ticket machine purchased for trial at Snowtown | Largely complete |
| Audits of council-owned building and structures | Audits to identify disability access improvement opportunities | Complete |
| Develop regional health plan for community wellbeing | Consultant engagement undertaken - project under way | In progress |
| Development of a youth strategy, engaging under 25s across the region | Survey undertaken and scoping under way | In progress |
| Refreshed volunteer program to attract new volunteers | Scoping under way | In progress |
| Program to support revegetation projects | Program deferred due to resource availability | Deferred |
| Establish a Disability Advisory Group | Council has resolved a different approach to the DAIP reference/ advisory group and staff are working with the LGA Access \& Inclusion Network on the model and Council contribution | Reconsidered |
| Street beautification program - Blyth | Deferred to 2022/2023 financial year to align with South Terrace project | Deferred |
| Business development and attraction strategies (development of prospectuses, business incentive schemes, etc.) | Small business incentives scheme undertaken (see above). Business assistance occurring (e.g. support finding venues, managing queries etc) - strategy in development | In progress |
| GIS platform for the issuing of fire permits | Project not expected to go ahead until future year pending statewide approach | Reconsidered |
| Address anticipated legislative changes to cat management | Project deferred pending review of Council's animal management plan. | Deferred |
| Implement Local Government legislative reform program | Reforms are ongoing and being implemented as required | In progress |



## Liveable Communities

\$1.6m Balaklava and Hamley Bridge Main Streets: Both main street makeovers were completed in 2021/22 signalling the end of the $\$ 1.6 \mathrm{~m}$ project - which involved activating our main streets to create attractive, accessible and green streetscapes for people to enjoy. Major civil works included upgraded footpaths, paving, access ramps, and kerbs. A combined 25 shopfronts benefitted from repairs and repainting as a part of the project. Street furniture, tree and garden bed planting, lighting and community asset upgrades also featured throughout the project. Balaklava's Main Street was officially opened at the town Christmas Pageant, while Hamley Bridge's Main Street was opened in April 2022 with a street party officially signalling the project's completion. The projects were partially funded through the Federal Government's Drought Communities Program and the Local Roads and Community Infrastructure Program.

Community swimming pools: the Balaklava and Owen swimming pool works began in late 2021 with an expected completion date of November 2022. Site clearing began at Balaklava, which saw the removal of the 25 m lap and splash pools, the learn to swim pool was salvaged with the concourse surround of the pool cut ready for a new wet deck installation. Owen's pool shell also received the same treatment with the pool only needing the upper concourse of the pool cut ready for a new wet deck. The Balaklava Pool splash pad was completed in June with a concrete base prepared, poured and painted ready for additional fixtures including colourful fountains and a water tipping bucket for children to enjoy. The 'pool for all' includes disability access and will become a regional aquatic facility.

Port Wakefield master plan: The Port Wakefield master plan detailed design tender to deliver stage one was awarded to GDstudia. Creating spade ready detailed designs was a critical step towards the redevelopment of the town's waterfront, RSL building, caravan park and Edward Street and will help leverage future grant funding towards the project.

The initial scope of the works includes.

- Edward Street greening and beautification to create a 'spine' to encourage visitors to the waterfront and the town plaza development. Work will include street furniture, lighting, landscaping, tree planting and wayfinding signage from the highway.
- Riverfront playground and town plaza - incorporating a repurposed RSL building - to create an active cultural hub with potential to host regional events and local markets.
- Caravan park upgrade with landscaping, potential realignment of the entrance and integration with the playground and RSL areas. At the time of finalising this report, community engagement on stage one concepts was being finalised and this will help shape the plans.

Works depot construction progress: the Balaklava works depot is base for a large number of our field staff and phase two fit out continued in 2022. An office has created extra workspace within the depot.
Other new additions to the depot include; chemical storage shed, dog pound, CWMS shed, cold mix bay, nursery, fencing, fuelling facilities, emulsion tanks pad and sign and storage sheds.


The completed Hamley Bridge Main Street redevelopment.


The Owen Swimming Pool works are well on their way.
Public Health and Wellbeing Plan: we aim to promote and provide supportive environments for community health through our everyday functions and services, and in our capacity as a local public health authority under the SA Public Health Act 2011 (the Act). Council is currently drafting its second Public Health Plan recognising the current activities which influence public health and wellbeing. The preliminary phase or 'Research Phase' of the Plan was undertaken in 2020 and involved community and local health professional surveys. With 178 responses, these surveys provided useful insights on stakeholder and residents' views of their own 'self-assessed' health and the factors that can influence it, along with relevant suggestions to enhance health and wellbeing support and services for the local community. A comprehensive analysis of demographic data, health and liveability statistics will also assist with the development of the Plan.

VET student of the year: Five students participated in the Vocational Education and Training Student (VET) of the year awards for 2021, with Year 11 student Tammi


Council hosted another successful Youth Week event.


The Port Wakefield master plan detailed design tender was awarded to GDstudia.

Freebairn awarded the student of the year. Tammi has a passion for cooking, completing her Certificate II in kitchen operations last year. Currently Tammi is completing her certificate III in commercial cookery in the Clare Valley at Paulett Wines. Runner-up for 2021 was Jayden Hendry, who was able to complete a certificate III in fitness and is now in his first year of a plumbing apprenticeship with Catford Plumbing.
Each year Council hosts the awards highlighting vocational students in the Wakefield region - Balco Australia supports the awards each year with a cash prize for the winning student.

Disability Access and Inclusion Plan: Council has continued to deliver actions from its Disability Access and Inclusion Plan which was adopted in September 2020. The Local Government Access and Inclusion Advisory Group will continue supporting Council as a reference body on issues of access and inclusion, review implementation of Council's Disability Access and Inclusion Plan and provide advice to Council on disability matters until June 2025.

An updated recruitment and selection procedure has been put into place to highlight options for support during interviews for applicants with a disability. Council worked with schools and local disability support services, to offer a work experience opportunity for a student living with a disability - this will be an ongoing opportunity into the future to help students gain experience in the workplace.

2022/23 unsealed road renewal projects: for the second year in a row Council closed the gap on its unsealed road renewal program, with Council's infrastructure team commencing the 2022/23 schedule a month prior to the new financial year. Throughout the year 66.3 km of unsealed roads were renewed, 0.9 km of unsealed roads were upgraded, 5.3 km of sealed road was renewed and 1.26 km of kerb/water table infrastructure was renewed. The infrastructure team was able to further close the gap on Council's unsealed road program, reducing the backlog by $\$ 693,789$ - or almost 24 km .

Youth Week: Council once again held a highly successful Youth Week event, working alongside Adelaide video game and anime group AVCON. More than 100 people were in attendance to try the latest video and board games. Youth Week SA contributed funding to help support the event.

Community Bus: Our community bus regularly offers support and assistance to allow residents to gain access to a range of services including shops, medical and other facilities, while also creating a social outing for the day. Seven volunteers contribute their time to make sure weekly bus trips occur. In 2021/22 108 trips were undertaken to support our passengers.

Volunteer week: through Wakefield 2030, we aim to encourage and support volunteers within the Wakefield region.

Each year we also recognise the tireless efforts of our volunteers by hosting a celebratory dinner to thank them and recognise their efforts. At these events we present Premier's Certificates for outstanding voluntary service.

This year's certificates were awarded to;

- Donald Veitch is a Balaklava resident who volunteers for the Mid North Community Passenger Network, local men's groups and various local community groups
- Bernie Altmann from Snowtown has spent over 17 years volunteering for the Blyth/Snowtown Cats while also supporting the Snowtown Progress Association, Snowtown Community Management Committee and the Centenary Park Committee
- Tanya Kraft from Balaklava has volunteered on the Balaklava Christmas Pageant Committee and Balaklava Area Committee
- David Shepherd from Balaklava has dedicated over 15 years of service to the Mid North Community Passenger Network and has been involved with local sporting and community groups
- Robby Hill is a dedicated volunteer at the Owen community shed, as well as the previous time spent as the Owen Bowling Club president and a group leader for the Scouts.


## Liveable Communities

Citizen of the Year 2022 Awards: Each year Council recognises our remarkable citizens with the Citizen of the Year Awards. The awards acknowledge the hardworking and tireless efforts of volunteers within our community. This year Council awarded its first Award for Active Citizenship.

The award winners were:

- 2022 Citizen of the Year Award: Jhing Mojares, from Balaklava, for her continued efforts in creating fundraising events to support local initiatives and supporting the local Filipino communities to settle within our local communities.
- 2022 Community Event of the Year Award: Brinkworth Lawn Mower Racing. Brinkworth roared to life with over 500 spectators attending the event, bringing people from across the state. All proceeds made from the day will be re-invested into future community initiatives.
- 2022 Award for Active Citizenship: The inaugural


Nyoman 'Ming' Sumadi was presented with the award for Active Citizenship for 2022.


The Battle at Brinkworth lawn mower racing event was awarded the event of the year for 2022.
winner was Nyoman (Ming) Sumadi, from Owen, for his efforts in creating a brighter community across Wakefield. Ming has volunteered his time painting murals for schools, sporting clubs and local businesses.

Minor and Major Community Grants: Focussing on projects that correlate with Council's Wakefield 2030 goals, the Minor and Major Community Grants delivered more than $\$ 100,000$ in funding to local community groups. Funding for minor grants were capped at \$2,000 while major grants ranged from $\$ 2,001$ to $\$ 25,000$. Eighteen applications were received under the new program and the Committee awarded \$110,000 for a variety of initiatives, including a toilet and shower block upgrade at Snowtown's Centenary Park $(\$ 25,000)$, solar power in Lochiel ( $\$ 7,500$ ), a new community garden at Brinkworth $(\$ 4,900)$ and facility upgrades to Balaklava Museum's Urlwin Park $(\$ 10,000)$.


Citizen of the Year for 2022, Jhing Mojares.

## Thriving Region

Careers and Employment Expo: Council hosted its first Careers and Employment expo, connecting large local employers with the region's youth. Local businesses were struggling to fill seasonal and full-time positions - unable to recruit for these jobs -and Council saw an opportunity to work with them to showcase job opportunities to young people. About 120 students from three different schools participated in the event. Eight employers from the region, including the health sector and primary production businesses, had stalls at the event.

Town entry signage: Council's \$500,000 Town Entry Signage continued to rollout in 2021/22, with signs at Brinkworth and Snowtown constructed. Both signs depict iconic local imagery - the Magpie synonymous with Brinkworth and the old and new wind turbines at Snowtown. The signs are illuminated at night time and Council has received positive feedback about these bold entry statements.

Port Wakefield Childcare: Five local parents joined the Port Wakefield Childcare and OSHC Community Reference Group to help guide a business case for a local childcare service. The business case will help support future grant applications to attract funding for the construction and implementation of a childcare service at Port Wakefield. The reference group will inform several options in the business case, such as the ideal location of a service and what that service looks like.

Success with Heritage Tourism Grant funding: Three major heritage restoration projects benefitted from grant funding - thanks to Council's success in applying for the Heritage Tourism Grants offered by the Department of Environment and Water. Council received almost \$20,000 to contribute towards a $\$ 54,000$ refurbishment of the heritage listed Dunn's Bridge. Balaklava Lions Club received $\$ 9,000$ to support a turntable restoration project. Hummocks Station received $\$ 50,000$ to restore its heritage-listed trap shed. These projects all align closely with Council's Wakefield 2030 community plan aims of creating a network of enticing tourism activities.

Small Business incentives: 15 local businesses accessed the Small Business Incentive grants over 2021/22.
The grants encourage small businesses to start-up, grow, innovate and develop.

Wakefield businesses can seek up to;

- \$1,5000 for 'Promote and Develop' activities that seek to enhance the skills of employees or market business activities;
- \$3,000 for 'Innovate and Renovate' activities that seek to find new ways of working to give the business a competitive edge

This year $\$ 38,155$ of the allocated $\$ 40,000$ was used by local businesses, with grant amounts varying from \$850 to $\$ 3,000$. The program will run again in 2022/23 to continue supporting the growth of small businesses within Wakefield.

Building Fire Safety Committee: Council plays an important role in protecting the ongoing safety of building occupiers and users through the provisions of the Planning Development and Infrastructure Act 2016. In accordance with the Act, Council is legally required to operate a Building Fire Safety Committee to ensure adequate fire safety in existing public buildings. Priorities for inspections are carried out on buildings that are considered to pose a high fire safety risk including those that provide overnight accommodation for unrelated persons and buildings where large crowds congregate. During 2021/22 the Committee held two meetings and undertook 12 inspections, plus informal follow up inspections by individual members.

Mid North Regional Assessment Panel: The Mid North Regional Assessment Panel has been established in accordance with the Planning, Development \& Infrastructure Act 2016. The Panel's function is to assess notifiable, performance assessed development applications, with some limitations. The Panel assesses development applications from the Councils of Clare \& Gilbert Valleys, Northern Areas, Goyder and Wakefield. The Mid North Regional Assessment Panel consists of four Independent Members and one presiding member. During 2021/22 the Committee held six meetings and considered 10 applications.


Students chat with Jack Haines from Mill Court Aged Care facility at the first Council Job Expo.


Brinkworth's new town entrance sign illuminated at night.

## Thriving Region

## Development statistics

The following tables show development information for 2021/22 compared to the previous three years:

## Council-wide information

|  | $2021 / 22$ | $2020 / 21$ | $2019 / 20$ | $2018 / 19$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Housing approvals | 19 | 17 | 10 | 20 |
| Additions/domestic shed | 88 | 100 | 80 | 111 |
| Industrial developments | 13 | 16 | 12 | 12 |
| Commercial developments | 5 | 7 | 3 | 2 |
| Public developments | 4 | 5 | 2 | 9 |
| Land divisions/boundary realign- <br> ment etc | 7 | 11 | 17 | 17 |
| Total Development Approvals | 136 | 156 | 124 | 171 |
| Total Value | $\$ 21,918,777.00$ | $\$ 25,244,626.00$ | $\$ 6,482,110.00$ | $\$ 15,751,411.00$ |

## Breakdown of approvals for each town:

|  | $2021 / 22$ | $2020 / 21$ | $2019 / 20$ | $2018 / 19$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balaklava | 55 | 68 | 39 | 56 |
| Blyth | 20 | 11 | 11 | 14 |
| Brinkworth | 2 | 5 | 1 | 5 |
| Halbury + Hoyleton | 3 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Hamley Bridge | 8 | 10 | 9 | 13 |
| Lochiel | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Owen/Pinery | 6 | 7 | 8 | 17 |
| Port Wakefield | 9 | 13 | 10 | 15 |
| Snowtown | 4 | 4 | 6 | 9 |
| Rural Areas | 27 | 34 | 37 | 26 |



## Sustainable future

Halbury Parklands Bush for Life: Bush for Life held its first bushwalk program at the Halbury Parklands in June encouraging locals to get out and explore the native bushland on their doorstep. Over 10 people attended the event learning of the native Halbury Orchid and techniques on how to eradicate weeds such as bridal creeper in native bushlands. More of these events are scheduled at the Parklands in 2022/23 to encourage and educate locals about the native bushlands within Wakefield. We provide $\$ 3,124$ to the program across both the Halbury Parklands and Oval sites to maintain these native ecosystems.

Roadside vegetation management: Work has continued on maintaining roadside vegetation with 99.5 km of roadside vegetation trimmed over the past year. Vegetation trimming prevents any trees and bushes on the roadside from narrowing a carriageway, obscuring a driver's vision and blocking access for farming machinery and other large vehicles. Through this program Council can manage the vegetation in line with native vegetation rules. Council has launched a Vegetation Hotspot ID to allow community identification of vegetation hazards within Wakefield.

Animal Management: In 2021/22, Council recorded 2,433 dog and cat registrations, up from 2,312 the previous year. There were 412 voluntary cat registrations. During the year Council ran a free dog registration program to encourage owners to register any new or previously unregistered dogs - waiving the initial cost of new dog registrations.

Local Nuisance \& Litter Control Act: Council is responsible for investigating complaints made under the Local Nuisance and Litter Control Act 2016.

In 2021/22 Council received nine official complaints in relation to local nuisance including odour, noise, dust and littering;

- 4 expiations were issued under the Act
- There were no prosecutions issued under the Act
- There were no nuisance abatement notices issued under the Act
- There were no civil penalties negotiated under section 34 of the Act
- There were no applications by Council to the Court for orders or civil penalties under section 34 of the Act

Fire awareness: There were 10 expiations issued under Section 105F of the Fire and Emergency Services Act 2005.

These are issued if the owner of private land doesn't take reasonable steps-

- To prevent or inhibit the outbreak of fire on the land and
- To prevent or inhibit the spread of fire through the land and
- To protect property on the land from fire and
- To minimise the threat to human life from a fire on the land


## Green Waste increase continues:

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 / 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 / 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 / 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Organic <br> (tonnes) | 349 | 280 | 216 |
| Landfill waste <br> (tonnes) | 1,183 | 1,158 | 1,109 |
| Recycling <br> (tonnes) | 320 | 313 | 307 |

Council will undertake a waste and recycling survey in 2022 for those with an existing kerbside collection service to understand if there are ways the service can be improved.

## Listening to you: Information

## Informing and engaging

Council continuously seeks to find improved, appropriate and cost-effective ways to inform and involve the local community, stakeholders and interested parties in our activities and decision making.

There are a number of ways people can raise issues with us, or voice their opinions, including:

- Deputations - with permission from the Mayor, a member of the public can address a Council meeting;
- Petitions - written petitions can be addressed to Council;
- Requests - a member of the public can write, email or call the Council in relation to any Council policy, activity or service;
- Elected Members - members of the public can contact their local ward Councillor and/or the Mayor to discuss relevant Council issues;
- Public consultation - Council will seek feedback from the community on particular topics. Our Community Engagement Policy outlines steps Council will follow to encourage community involvement in the decisionmaking process. For a number of Council activities that directly affect residents - including roadworks, project works and planning reviews - we have consultation standards in place.


## Confidentiality provisions

All meetings of Council are held in public except in special circumstances. Council discusses certain matters in confidence, usually to consider commercially sensitive materials or legal advice.

In 2021/22, 10 section 90(2) orders were made excluding the public from meetings for the following matters:

- Trans-Tasman Energy Group Claim
- Community Wastewater Management System Tender Summary
- Balaklava \& Hamley Bridge Sporting Precinct Master Plan
- CEO Performance Review
- Balaklava \& Owen Swimming Pool Tender Summary
- Appointment of External Auditor
- Citizen of the Year 2022
- Port Wakefield Master Plan - Detailed Design Stage 1
- Port Wakefield Master Plan - Detailed Design Stage 2
- Blyth Sporting Precinct, Balaklava Apex Park \& Balaklava Railway Corridor Master Plans - Tender

Two Section 91(7) orders to keep a matter confidential lapsed or ceased to apply during the financial year, being:

- CEO Performance Review - 27 October 2021
- Citizen of the Year - 16 December 2021

Three Section 91(7) orders remained in place at the end of the 2021/22 financial year, being:

- Industrial Relations Matter-23 November 2016, 14 December 2016 and 31 January 2017
- Mayors Report - CEO Resignation - 27 August 2018
- Narungga Nation Native Title Claim - 26 February 2020


## Section 270 review

Section 270 of the Local Government Act of 1999 requires Council to develop and maintain policies, practices and procedures for dealing with:

- Any reasonable request for the provision of a service by the Council, or;
- For the improvement of a service provided by the Council, and;
- Complaints about the actions of the Council, its employees, or other persons acting on behalf of the Council.

A Section 270 review gives community members the opportunity to request a review of a decision made by Council or a Council employee. The review may be conducted internally or by an external party.

In the 2021/22 financial year, Council did not receive any requests for a Section 270 review. However, Council received a request for Section 270 internal review on 3 June 2021, where the review was not completed by the end of 2021/22 financial year. The request was for a review of an "internal decision" made by a Council staff member, to not proceed with progressing a partial road closure. The resident believed a partial road closure would reduce the dust issues caused by traffic travelling on the unsealed road adjacent to resident's house.

The review was performed by the Chief Executive Officer, who was not involved in the original decision, nor any other subsequent decisions relating to the matter. The Chief Executive Officer reviewed and revisited all correspondence on the matter, as well as interviewed the Infrastructure Services staff who made the internal decision. The Chief Executive Officer determined that the original decision be upheld. The applicant was then notified of the outcome.

## Freedom of Information Requests

As much as possible, we make information readily available to the community. However, if a member of the public requests other information, we will consider this request in line with the requirements of the Freedom of Information Act 1991. Costs may apply for accessing any documents inspected pursuant to a Freedom of Information (FOI) request. FOI forms are available on Council's website and at the Council office. Applications will receive a response within 30 days of Council receiving the completed FOI request form, together with the application and search fees.

These can be addressed to: Freedom of Information Officer, Wakefield Regional Council, PO Box 167, BALAKLAVA SA 5461

In 2021-22, Council received one application under the FOI Act as outlined. The request was for:

1. All documents relating to Council's decision-making and evaluation process of the Tender for CWMS Operations Management and Maintenance Services, including all communications between any of Wakefield Regional Council, Tonkin (as Council's appointed contractor) and Trility (as the preferred tenderer) between 18 December 2020 and 17 June 2021; and
2. All draft or final contract documents (including documents with any varied terms of a contract) between Wakefield Regional Council and Trility (as the preferred tenderer) in relation to the Tender for CWMS Operations Management and Maintenance Services.

## Determination: Partial release

## Access to documents

Most documents prepared by Council and/or relating to Council activities can be found on our website. Members of the public may also inspect documents at Council's office or by request, in line with any relevant fees set by Council. Documents, Codes of Conduct and registers made
available include those listed in the table below. Anyone seeking access to a document should first contact Council to find out if its publicly available. For documents that are not classed as public, a Freedom of Information application can be lodged.

| Registers | Codes | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - By-Laws and Policies <br> - Campaign Donations Returns <br> - Community Land Management Plans <br> - Council Officer's Salaries <br> - Delegations <br> - Elected Members' Allowances \& Benefits <br> - Elected Members Register of Interests <br> - Fees \& Charges <br> - Public Roads | - Elected Member Code of Conduct <br> - Code of Practice for Access to Meetings and Documents <br> - Code of Conduct for Council Employees | - Annual Budget \& Business Plan <br> - Annual Report <br> - Audited Financial Statements <br> - Charter for subsidiaries established by the Council <br> - Council Agenda \& Minutes including Documents, Reports and any attachments <br> - Council's Assessment Record <br> - Infrastructure \& Asset Management Plans <br> - Information \& Briefing Session Papers <br> - Information statement of the council under the Freedom of Information Act 1991 (most recent) <br> - Long Term Financial Plan <br> - Strategic Management Plan <br> - Procedures for the review of Council decisions and any internal review of council decision reports <br> - Reviews of council constitution, wards and boundaries <br> - Schedule of dates, times and places set for meetings of the council or council committee |

## Community Land Management Plans

- The Local Government Act (1999) requires Council to develop management plans for all community land either owned or under its care and control. These plans outline the way in which the land is to be used, taking into account a diverse range of recreation, conservation and other issues.
- All of our plans have been finalised and are in place:
- Management Plan 1 Cemeteries
- Management Plan 2 Halls Museums \& Galleries Management
- Plan 3 Car Parks \& Boat Ramp Management
- Plan 4 Parks Gardens \& Playgrounds Management
- Plan 5 Recreation Facilities Management
- Plan 6 Community Land Leased for Farming Purposes Management
- Plan 7 Balaklava Parklands Management
- Plan 8 Owen Wetlands Management
- Plan 9 Halbury Parklands Management
- Plan 10 Pinery Soldiers Memorial Management
- Plan 11 Nantawarra Oval Management
- Plan 12 Port Wakefield Caravan Park \& Rsl Clubrooms Management
- Plan 13 Snowtown Shooting \& Rifle Club Management
- Plan 14 Old Hamley Bridge Fire Station \& Hall Car Park Management
- Plan 15 Brinkworth Historical Reserve
- The Community Management Plans will be comprehensively reviewed in 2023 following the election of the new Council.


## Financial information 2021/22

## New rating policy

A a 'safety net' to cushion ratepayers from sharp rate increases and rebates for developers and businesses are key components of a new rating policy adopted by Council in April 2022.

The policy employs a safety net: when the overall average rate adjustment for a land use category reaches $5 \%$ above the year's general rate rise set by Council, a rate redistribution to other land categories will occur, shielding ratepayers from a large annual increase.

This approach will progressively address a rating distortion that has, over time, seen vacant land, commercial and industrial properties paying a rate-in-the-dollar above residential properties.

This rate-in-the-dollar distortion proved to be a potential deterrent to attracting new businesses, industries and residential development. To incentivise and attract new businesses, a strategic rate rebate of up to $100 \%$ for up to 10 years will also be on offer to encourage investment in our region.

A separate cap also applies for individual ratepayers whose annual rate increase exceeds 7\% above that year's general rate rise as set by Council (unless that change was due to property improvement). This is an automatically applied rate cap.

## Grants commission review

Council made a submission to the Grants Commission of South Australia seeking a review of the formula used to distribute the Identified Local Road Grants (ILRG).

These grants are what supports Council's road renewal program - often metro councils with larger populations but smaller road networks benefit more from the funding compared to regional councils, who have larger road networks with a smaller population.

Council felt the current distribution formula for the ILRG, unfairly disadvantages non-metropolitan councils with significant road networks and relatively low populations.

If successful, the submission to the Commission has the potential to benefit other regional councils with large road networks and a smaller ratepayer base to highlight the need for further funding.

## Delivering Value

The overall aim of Council's Procurement Policy is to provide cost-effective services to the community, while also allowing local suppliers the chance to deliver goods and services to support Council's work.

Major tenders called and awarded in the 2021/22 year were for the following goods and services:

- Major Plant: truck and trailer
- Port Wakefield Master Plan detailed design
- Ralli Park Balaklava, Master Plan \& Hamley Bridge Sporting Precinct Master Plan
- Apex Park Balaklava, Railway Corridor Balaklava and Blyth Sporting Precinct master plans
- Cleaning contract for public toilets
- Provision of external auditing services


## Council seeks to support local businesses by:

- Promoting to local businesses opportunities to supply to Council;
- Giving preference to locally based suppliers depending on assessment of 'value for money';
- Ensuring, wherever reasonably practicable, procurement specifications do not have the potential to exclude local suppliers and contractors.

The Procurement Policy recognises open and fair competition is best achieved by undertaking a tender process so that all interested parties have an opportunity to bid and, in an effort to drive good outcomes, outlines appropriate procurement methods for different categories of expenditure/risk. It is understood, however, there may be some procurement for which a tender process will not necessarily deliver the best outcome for Council.

## Auditor Remuneration

In November 2021, Dean Newbery \& Partners were reappointed as Council's auditors. They have provided services for the annual audit of Council's financial statements and internal controls for the past five years, at a cost of $\$ 17,000$ in the 2021/22 year. The Auditors have provided independent scrutiny of Council's Annual Financial Statements, met with the Council's Audit and risk Committee and undertaken a rigorous interim audit process. No other remuneration has been paid to Dean Newbery \& Partners.

## Credit cards

Council has issued two corporate credit cards to Council staff. During the financial year 2021/22 a total amount of $\$ 34,108$ was spent on various business purpose expenditure using the corporate credit cards.

## 2021/22 Legal costs

Over the 2021/22 financial year Council spent a total of \$96,600 in legal expenses on various legal engagements.

# Wakefield Regional Council 

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2022

## General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022
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## Wakefield Regional Council

## General Purpose Financial Statements <br> for the year ended 30 June 2022

## Council Certificate

## Certification of Financial Statements

We have been authorised by the Council to certify the financial statements in their final form.

## In our opinion:

- the accompanying financial statements comply with the Local Government Act 1999, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and Australian Accounting Standards,
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Council's financial position at 30 June 2022 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year,
- internal controls implemented by the Council provide a reasonable assurance that the Council's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year,
- the financial statements accurately reflect the Council's accounting and other records.


Statement of Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 30 June 2022

| \$ '000 Notes | 2022 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income |  |  |
| Rates 2a | 11,596 | 11,165 |
| Statutory Charges 2b | 167 | 172 |
| User Charges 2c | 720 | 590 |
| Grants, Subsidies and Contributions 2g | 4,815 | 5,048 |
| Investment Income 2d | 8 | 9 |
| Reimbursements 2e | 142 | 138 |
| Other income $2 f$ | 86 | 118 |
| Total Income | 17,534 | 17,240 |
| Expenses |  |  |
| Employee costs 3a | 5,249 | 4,985 |
| Materials, Contracts and Other Expenses 3b | 5,929 | 5,272 |
| Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment 3c | 6,043 | 5,845 |
| Finance Costs 3d | 92 | 82 |
| Total Expenses | 17,313 | 16,184 |
| Operating Surplus / (Deficit) | 221 | 1,056 |
| Asset Disposal \& Fair Value Adjustments | (400) | (299) |
| Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets 2g | 754 | 231 |
| Net Surplus / (Deficit) | 575 | 988 |
| Other Comprehensive Income |  |  |
| Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result |  |  |
| Changes in Revaluation Surplus - I,PP\&E 9a | 9,963 | - |
| Total Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result | 9,963 | - |
| Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to operating result |  |  |
| Other movements | - | (246) |
| Total Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to operating result | - | (246) |
| Total Other Comprehensive Income | 9,963 | (246) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 10,538 | 742 |

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2022

| \$'000 | Notes | 2022 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

ASSETS

## Current assets

| Cash \& Cash Equivalent Assets | 5 a | 131 | 37 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Trade \& Other Receivables | 5 b | 1,989 | 1,610 |
| Inventories | 5 c | 535 | 639 |
| Subtotal |  | 2,655 | 2,286 |
| Total current assets |  | 2,655 | 2,286 |
| Non-current assets | 6 a |  |  |
| Financial Assets | 6 b | 38 | 132 |
| Other Non-Current Assets | $7 a(\mathrm{i})$ | 2,663 | 994 |
| Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment |  | 145,007 | 135,781 |
| Total non-current assets |  | 147,708 | 136,907 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 150,363 | 139,193 |  |

## LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities

| Trade \& Other Payables | 8 a | 2,296 | 2,423 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Borrowings | 8 b | 59 | 66 |
| Provisions | 8 c | 1,045 | 992 |
| Subtotal |  | 3,400 | 3,481 |
| Total Current Liabilities |  | 3,400 | 3,481 |

## Non-Current Liabilities

| Trade \& Other Payables | 8 a | 50 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Borrowings | 8b | 4,633 | 3,954 |
| Provisions | 8 c | 112 | 78 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities |  | 4,795 | 4,082 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES |  | 8,195 | 7,563 |
| Net Assets |  | 142,168 | 131,630 |
| EQUITY |  |  |  |
| Accumulated surplus |  | 23,002 | 22,427 |
| Asset revaluation reserves | 9a | 119,086 | 109,123 |
| Other reserves | 9b | 80 | 80 |
| Total Council Equity |  | 142,168 | 131,630 |
| Total Equity |  | 142,168 | 131,630 |

[^1]Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 30 June 2022

| \$ '000 | Notes | Accumulated surplus | Asset revaluation reserve | Other reserves | Total equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at the end of previous reporting period |  | 22,427 | 109,123 | 80 | 131,630 |
| Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year |  | 575 | - | - | 575 |
| Other Comprehensive Income |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Gain (Loss) on Revaluation of I,PP\&E | 7 a | - | 9,963 | - | 9,963 |
| IPP\&E Impairment (Expense) / Recoupments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offset to ARR | 7 a | - | - | - | - |
| - Other Movements between reserves |  | - | - | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income |  | - | 9,963 | - | 9,963 |
| Total comprehensive income |  | 575 | 9,963 | - | 10,538 |
| Balance at the end of period |  | 23,002 | 119,086 | 80 | 142,168 |
| 2021 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at the end of previous reporting period |  | 21,355 | 109,369 | 164 | 130,888 |
| Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year |  | 988 | - | - | 988 |
| Other Comprehensive Income |  |  |  |  |  |
| IPP\&E Impairment (Expense) / Recoupments Offset to ARR | 7 a | - | (246) | - | (246) |
| - Other Movements between reserves |  | 84 | - | (84) | - |
| Other comprehensive income |  | 84 | (246) | (84) | (246) |
| Total comprehensive income |  | 1,072 | (246) | (84) | 742 |
| Balance at the end of period |  | 22,427 | 109,123 | 80 | 131,630 |

[^2]Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 30 June 2022
\$'000

## Cash flows from operating activities

Receipts

| Rates Receipts | 11,616 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Statutory Charges | 170 | 11,240 |
| User Charges | 792 | 172 |
| Grants, Subsidies and Contributions | 4,534 | 649 |
| Investment Receipts | 8 | 5,035 |
| Reimbursements | 153 | 9 |
| Other Receipts | 848 |  |
| Payments |  | 152 |
| Payments to Employees | $(5,187)$ | 869 |
| Payments for Materials, Contracts \& Other Expenses | $(6,870)$ | $(4,974)$ |
| Finance Payments | $(92)$ | $(6,646)$ |
| Net cash provided by (or used in) Operating Activities | $11 b$ | 5,972 |

Cash flows from investing activities
Receipts

| Amounts Received Specifically for New/Upgraded Assets | 782 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Sale of Replaced Assets | 68 | 365 |
| Sale of Surplus Assets | 205 | 254 |
| Repayments of Loans by Community Groups | 43 | - |
| Payments | $(6,125)$ | $(6,785)$ |
| Expenditure on Renewal/Replacement of Assets | $(1,483)$ | $(2,664)$ |
| Expenditure on New/Upgraded Assets | - | $(60)$ |
| Loans Made to Community Groups | $(6,510)$ | $(8,847)$ |
| Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities |  |  |

Cash flows from financing activities

## Receipts

| Proceeds from Borrowings | 8,770 | 12,762 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Proceeds from Bonds \& Deposits | - | 52 |

Payments
Repayments of Borrowings
Repayment of Finance Lease Liabilities
(5)

Net Cash provided by (or used in) Financing Activities
632
2,066
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Held 94
(383)
plus: Cash \& Cash Equivalents at beginning of period
Cash and cash equivalents held at end of period
112 $\quad 37$
420

131

Additional Information:
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents \& Investments

[^3]Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
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## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by Council in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## (1) Basis of Preparation

### 1.1 Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards

This general purpose financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under regulation 14 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

### 1.2 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying Council's accounting policies.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of these Notes.

### 1.3 Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000).

## (2) The Local Government Reporting Entity

Wakefield Regional Council is incorporated under the South Australian Local Government Act 1999 and has its principal place of business at Scotland Place, Balaklava. These consolidated financial statements include the Council's direct operations which Council controls to carry on its functions.

## (3) Income Recognition

The Council recognises revenue under AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) or AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) when appropriate.

In cases where there is an 'enforceable' contract with a customer with 'sufficiently specific' performance obligations, the transaction is accounted for under AASB 15 where income is recognised when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied (i.e. when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer). Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Council expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer.

In other cases, AASB 1058 applies when a not-for-profit (NFP) entity enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. The excess of the asset recognised (at fair value) over any 'related amounts' is recognised as income immediately, except in the case where a financial asset has been received to enable the council to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset that is to be controlled by the council. In this case, the council recognises the excess as a liability that is recognised over time in profit and loss when (or as) the entity satisfies its obligations under the transfer.

In recent years the payment of untied grants (financial assistance grants / local roads / supplementary grants) has varied from the annual allocation as shown in the table below:

|  | Cash <br> Payment <br> Received | Annual <br> Allocation | Difference |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $2019 / 20$ | $\$ 3,052,285$ | $\$ 2,720,506$ | $+\$ 331,779$ |
| $2020 / 21$ | $\$ 2,439,947$ | $\$ 2,732,578$ | $-\$ 292,631$ |
| $2021 / 22$ | $\$ 3,587,770$ | $\$ 2,780,079$ | $+\$ 807,691$ |

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Because these grants are untied, the Australian Accounting Standards require that payments be recognised upon receipt. Accordingly, the operating results of these periods have been distorted compared to those that would have been reported had the grants been paid in the year to which they were allocated.

The Operating Surplus Ratio disclosed in Note 15 has also been calculated after adjusting for the distortions resulting from the differences between the actual grants received and the grants entitlements allocated.

## Construction Contracts

Construction works undertaken by Council for third parties are generally on an agency basis where the third party reimburses Council for actual costs incurred, and usually do not extend beyond the reporting period. Reimbursements not received are recognised as receivables and reimbursements received in advance are recognised as "payments received in advance".

For works undertaken on a fixed price contract basis, revenues are recognised over time using the input method, with costs incurred compared to total expected costs used as a measure of progress. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

## (4) Cash, Cash Equivalents and other Financial Instruments

Cash Assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at Council's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables for rates and annual charges are secured over the subject land, and bear interest at rates determined in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999. Other receivables are generally unsecured and do not bear interest.

All receivables are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful.

All financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the date of recognition, except for trade receivables from a contract with a customer, which are measured at the transaction price. A detailed statement of the accounting policies applied to financial instruments forms part of Note 13.

## (5) Inventories

Inventories held in respect of stores have been valued by using the weighted average cost on a continual basis, after adjustment for loss of service potential. Inventories held in respect of business undertakings have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

## (6) Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment

### 6.1 Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held "ready for use". Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architects' fees and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

### 6.2 Materiality

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by Council for each type of asset. In determining (and in annually reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life.

Examples of capitalisation thresholds applied during the year are given below. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land.

Paving \& Footpaths, Kerb \& Gutter \$5,000
Stormwater, Drains \& Culverts
\$5,000

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Reticulation extensions | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Community Wastewater Maintenance Scheme |  |
| - Pumps | $\$ 3,000$ |
| - Components | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Buildings - air conditioning, Hot Water | $\$ 10,000$ |
| Systems | $\$ 10,000$ |
| Buildings - new construction/extensions | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Park \& Playground Furniture \& Equipment | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Office Furniture \& Equipment | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Plant \& Equipment | $\$ 5,000$ |
| Software |  |
| (except where software is purchased and an annual maintenance agreement is entered into, in which case the original software cost and |  |
| the annual maintenance fee will be treated as an operating expense) |  |

### 6.3 Subsequent Recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. Significant uncertainties exist in the estimation of fair value of a number of asset classes including land, buildings and associated structures and infrastructure. Further detail of these uncertainties, and of existing valuations, methods and valuers are provided at Note 7.

### 6.4 Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of Council, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed annually.
Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are listed below. Depreciation periods for infrastructure assets have been estimated based on the best information available to Council, but appropriate records covering the entire life cycle of these assets are not available, and extreme care should be used in interpreting financial information based on these estimates.

Furniture \& Equipment
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Office Equipment } & 3 \text { to } 7 \text { years } \\ \text { Office Furniture } & 5 \text { to } 7 \text { years }\end{array}$

Plant \& Equipment
Major Plant (Construction/Maintenance) 10 years
Other
3 to 25 years

## Building \& Other Structures

Buildings - Fixed Solid
Buildings - Framed
Park Structures - Fixed solid
Park Structures - Shed and sundary
Site Improvements

60 to 80 years
50 years
60 to 80 years
40 years
20 to 80 years

## Infrastructure

Sealed Roads - Surface
20 to 30 years
Sealed Roads - Pavement
Unsealed Roads
Bridge Components
Footpaths
40 to 80 years
10 to 45 years
20 to 100 years
30 to 50 years
70 years
Culverts, Stormwater Drainage
50 to 100 years
Community Wastewater
Management Schemes

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## PVC Piping

Pumps \& Telemetry
Other

70 years<br>15 to 50 years<br>15 to 70 years

### 6.5 Impairment

Assets whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if Council were deprived thereof, are not subject to impairment testing.

Other assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash inflows or value in use).

Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in Asset Revaluation Reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

### 6.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs in relation to qualifying assets (net of offsetting investment revenue) have been capitalised in accordance with AASB 123 Borrowing Costs. The amounts of borrowing costs recognised as an expense or as part of the carrying amount of qualifying assets are disclosed in Note 3, and the amount (if any) of interest revenue offset against borrowing costs in Note 2.

## (7) Payables

### 7.1 Goods \& Services

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice. No interest is payable on these amounts.

### 7.2 Payments Received in Advance \& Deposits

Amounts other than grants received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to Council assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

## (8) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of "Payables".

## (9) Employee Benefits

### 9.1 Salaries, Wages \& Compensated Absences

Liabilities for employees' entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at nominal amounts (including payroll based oncosts) measured in accordance with AASB 119.

Liabilities for employee benefits not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows (including payroll based oncosts) to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Present values are calculated using government guaranteed securities rates with similar maturity terms.

Council's emloyees are entitled to take time off in lieu of the extra hours worked. An accural for this cost is made at the ordinary hourly rate applicable during the reporting period. No accrual is made for sick leave as Council experience indicates that, on average, sick leave taken in each reporting period is less than the entitlement accruing in that period, and this experience is expected to recur in future reporting periods. Council does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### 9.2 Superannuation

The Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the Statewide Superannuation Scheme. The Scheme has two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Details of the accounting policies applied and Council's involvement with the schemes are reported in Note 18.
(10) Leases

### 10.1 Council as a lessee

The Council recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

## i) Right-of-Use-Assets

The Council recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received and the estimate of costs to be incurred to restore the leased asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies above - Impairment of non-financial assets.

## ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Council recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Council uses its incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate implicit in the lease.
iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Council applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date). It also applies the low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office equipment that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## (11) GST Implications

In accordance with UIG Abstract 1031 "Accounting for the Goods \& Services Tax"

- Receivables and Creditors include GST receivable and payable.
- Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.


## (12) New accounting standards and UIG interpretations

In the current year, Council adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Intepretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standard Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current reporting period. The adoption of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in any material changes to Council's accounting policies.

Wakefield Regional Council has not applied any Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

## Standards issued by the AASB not yet effective

The AASB has issued Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which are not effective at 30 June 2022, these standards have not been adopted by Council and will be included in the financial statements on their effective date. Where the standard is expected to have a significant impact for Council then further information has been provided in this note.

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following list identifies all the new and amended Australian Accounting Standards, and Interpretation, that were issued but not yet effective at the time of compiling these illustrative statements that could be applicable to Councils.

Effective for NFP annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

- AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments


## Effective for NFP annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current and associated standards (amended by AASB 2020-6)
- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Accounting Polcies and Definition of Acccounting Estimates ( amended by AASB 2021-6)

Effective for NFP annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

- AASB 2014-10 Sale or Contribution of Assets between and Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (amended by AASB 2015-10, AASB 2017-5 and AASB 2021-7))


## (13) Comparative Figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

## (14) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 2. Income

| \$ '000 | 2022 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) Rates |  |  |
| General Rates |  |  |
| General Rates | 9,499 | 9,049 |
| Less: Mandatory Rebates | (78) | (67) |
| Less: Discretionary Rebates, Remissions \& Write Offs | (136) | (145) |
| Total General Rates | 9,285 | 8,837 |
| Other Rates (Including Service Charges) |  |  |
| Regional Landscape Levy | 398 | 394 |
| Waste Collection | 659 | 612 |
| Community Wastewater Management Systems | 1,161 | 1,292 |
| Total Other Rates (Including Service Charges) | 2,218 | 2,298 |
| Other Charges |  |  |
| Penalties for Late Payment | 93 | 23 |
| Legal \& Other Costs Recovered | - | 7 |
| Total Other Charges | 93 | 30 |
| Total Rates | 11,596 | 11,165 |
| (b) Statutory Charges |  |  |
| Development Act Fees | 3 | 9 |
| Town Planning Fees | 75 | 77 |
| Health \& Septic Tank Inspection Fees | 13 | 16 |
| Animal Registration Fees \& Fines | 57 | 48 |
| Other Licences, Fees \& Fines | 19 | 22 |
| Total Statutory Charges | 167 | 172 |
| (c) User Charges |  |  |
| Cemetery Fees | 55 | 46 |
| Property Rental | 19 | 14 |
| Sundry | 19 | 21 |
| Caravan Park Fees | 615 | 502 |
| Waste Disposal | 12 | 7 |
| Total User Charges | 720 | 590 |

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 2. Income (continued)

| \$ 000 | 2022 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

(d) Investment Income

Interest on Investments

- Local Government Finance Authority 2
- Banks \& Other -
- Loans to Community Groups

Total Investment Income
4
$8 \quad 9$
(e) Reimbursements

| Insurances | - | 12 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Other | 142 | 126 |

Total Reimbursements $\quad 142$
(f) Other income

Insurance \& Other Recoupments - Infrastructure, IPP\&E Other
Total Other income
86 118

## (g) Grants, Subsidies, Contributions

Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets
Total Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Asset
Other Grants, Subsidies and Contributions
Untied - Financial Assistance Grant

| 754 | 231 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 754 |  |
|  |  | 231 |
| 3,588 |  | 1,166 |
| 537 |  | 806 |
| 5 | 3 |  |
| 9 | 15 |  |
| 382 | 618 |  |
| 4,815 | 5,048 |  |

Total Grants, Subsidies, Contributions
The functions to which these grants relate are shown in Note 12.

## (i) Sources of grants

| Commonwealth Government | 5,335 | 5,107 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| State Government | 234 | 112 |
| Other | - | 60 |
| Total | 5,569 | 5,279 |

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 2. Income (continued)

| '000 | 2022 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## (h) Conditions over Grants \& Contributions

Grants and contributions which were obtained on the condition that they be expended for specified purposes or in a future period, but which are not yet expended in accordance with those conditions, are as follows:

Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period 914 112

## Less:

Expended during the current period from revenues recognised in previous reporting periods
Biosecurity Pest Control -
Roads Infrastructure
Drought Communities Grant
(282)

## Subtotal

(502)

Plus:
Amounts recognised as revenues in this reporting period but not yet expended in accordance with the conditions
Roads Infrastructure ..... 220
Other ..... 4
Grant for Owen Swimming Pool ..... 408
Drought Communities Grant ..... 282
Subtotal ..... 914
Unexpended at the close of this reporting period ..... 441 ..... 914
Net increase (decrease) in assets subject to conditions in the current reporting period

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 3. Expenses

| \$'000 | Notes | 2022 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Employee costs

| Salaries and Wages |  | 3,928 | 3,868 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Employee Leave Expense |  | 928 | 923 |
| Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plan Contributions | 18 | 436 | 403 |
| Superannuation - Defined Benefit Plan Contributions | 18 | 27 | 30 |
| Workers' Compensation Insurance | 142 | 131 |  |
| Other Employee Related Costs | 234 | 214 |  |
| Less Capitalised and Distributed Costs | $(446)$ | $(584)$ |  |
| Total Operating Employee Costs |  | 5,249 | 4,985 |

Total Number of Employees (full time equivalent at end of reporting period)
56
57

## (b) Materials, Contracts and Other Expenses

## (i) Prescribed Expenses

Auditor's Remuneration

- Auditing the Financial Reports $\quad 21$

Bad and Doubtful Debts - - 32
Elected Members' Expenses 150
Subtotal - Prescribed Expenses $\quad 171 \quad 199$
(ii) Other Materials, Contracts and Expenses

Contractors 2,267 2,267
Energy 236
Maintenance 1,765 1,772
Legal Expenses $\quad 97$
Levies Paid to Government - NRM levy 389
Levies - Other 16
Parts, Accessories \& Consumables 8085
Professional Services 321
Sundry 154
Fuels and Oils 386
Water 111122
Contributions/Donations $\quad 551 \quad 626$
Insurance 285
Motor Vehicle Registrations 93
Less: Capitalised and Distributed Costs $\quad(1,264)$
Subtotal - Other Material, Contracts \& Expenses
Total Materials, Contracts and Other Expenses
5,758
5,929
5,272

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 3. Expenses (continued)

| \$ 000 | 2022 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment |  |  |
| (i) Depreciation and Amortisation |  |  |
| Buildings \& Other Structures | 734 | 971 |
| Infrastructure |  |  |
| - Bridges | 95 | 95 |
| - Stormwater Drainage | 276 | 275 |
| - CWMS | 424 | 404 |
| - Transport Infrastructure | 3,861 | 3,440 |
| Right-of-use Assets | 6 | - |
| Plant, Machinery \& Equipment | 615 | 621 |
| Office Equipment, Furniture \& Fittings | 32 | 39 |
| Subtotal | 6,043 | 5,845 |
| Total Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment | 6,043 | 5,845 |
| (d) Finance Costs |  |  |
| Interest on Overdraft and Short-Term Drawdown | 73 | 53 |
| Interest on Loans | 18 | 29 |
| Charges on Finance Leases | 1 | - |
| Total Finance Costs | 92 | 82 |

Note 4. Asset Disposal \& Fair Value Adjustments

| '000 | 2022 |
| :--- | :--- |

Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment
(i) Assets Renewed or Directly Replaced

| Proceeds from Disposal | 68 | 254 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Less: Carrying Amount of Assets Sold | $(388)$ | $(553)$ |
| Gain (Loss) on Disposal | $(320)$ | $(299)$ |

(ii) Assets Surplus to Requirements

| Proceeds from Disposal | 205 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Less: Carrying Amount of Assets Sold | $(285)$ |  |
| Gain (Loss) on Disposal | $(80)$ | - |

Net Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets
(400)
(299)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 5. Current Assets
\$'000 2022
(a) Cash \& Cash Equivalent Assets

Cash on Hand at Bank
Total Cash \& Cash Equivalent Assets
131 37
131 37
(b) Trade \& Other Receivables

| Rates - General \& Other | 832 | 822 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accrued Revenues | 790 | 414 |
| Debtors - General | 64 | 148 |
| GST Recoupment | 121 | 96 |
| Prepayments | 88 | 87 |
| Loans to Community Organisations | 95 | 44 |
| Subtotal | 1,990 | 1,611 |

Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts
(1)

Total Trade \& Other Receivables
1,989
(c) Inventories
Stores \& Materials535639
Total Inventories ..... 535 ..... 639

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 6. Non-Current Assets
\$'000 2022
(a) Financial Assets

## Receivables

Loans to Community Organisations 38 132
Total Receivables 38 132

Total Financial Assets 38 132
(b) Other Non-Current Assets

Other
Capital Works-in-Progress
2,663 994
Total Other
2,663
994
Total Other Non-Current Assets
2,663 994

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

## Note 7. Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment

(a(i)) Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment

|  | as at 30/06/21 |  |  |  |  | Asset movements during the reporting period |  |  |  |  |  | as at 30/06/22 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 000 | Fair Value Level | At Fair Value | At Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Carrying amount | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Asset } \\ \text { Additions } \\ \text { New / } \\ \text { Upgrade } \end{array}$ | Asset Additions Renewals | $\begin{array}{r} \text { WDV of } \\ \text { Asset } \\ \text { Disposals } \end{array}$ | Depreciation Expense (Note 3c) | Impairment <br> Loss <br> (recognised in Equity) <br> (Note 9) | Revaluation Increments to Equity (ARR) (Note | At Fair Value | At Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | Carrying amount |
| Land | 2 | 11,634 | - | - | 11,634 | - | - | (285) | - | - | 2,967 | 14,316 | - | - | 14,316 |
| Buildings \& Other Structures | 2 | 22,118 | 1,462 | $(21,003)$ | 2,577 | 12 | - | - | (392) | - | 308 | 22,833 | 12 | $(20,339)$ | 2,506 |
| Buildings \& Other Structures | 3 | 22,334 | 3,347 | $(18,429)$ | 7,252 | 626 | - | (2) | (342) | - | $(2,855)$ | 15,663 | 626 | $(11,611)$ | 4,678 |
| - Bridges | 3 | 7,635 | 211 | $(4,315)$ | 3,531 | - | - | - | (95) | - | (2, | 7,635 | 211 | $(4,409)$ | 3,437 |
| - Stormwater Drainage | 3 | 18,982 | 1,100 | $(8,465)$ | 11,617 | 195 | 37 | (29) | (276) | - | - | 18,922 | 1,332 | $(8,709)$ | 11,545 |
| - CWMS | 3 | 21,138 | 186 | $(8,320)$ | 13,004 | - | 47 | (23) | (424) | - | 779 | 22,471 | 47 | $(9,134)$ | 13,384 |
| - Transport Infrastructure | 3 | 135,768 | 20,943 | $(75,321)$ | 81,390 | 414 | 4,015 | (313) | $(3,861)$ | - | 8,764 | 169,372 | 4,429 | $(83,388)$ | 90,413 |
| Right-of-Use Assets |  | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | (6) | - | - | - | 40 | (6) | 34 |
| Plant, Machinery \& Equipment |  | - | 8,848 | $(4,154)$ | 4,694 | 236 | 350 | (21) | (615) | - | - | - | 9,251 | $(4,606)$ | 4,645 |
| Office Equipment, Furniture \& Fittings |  | - | 661 | (579) | 82 | - | - | - | (32) | - | - | - | 580 | (531) | 49 |
| Total Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment |  | 239,609 | 36,758 | $(140,586)$ | 135,781 | 1,523 | 4,449 | (673) | $(6,043)$ | - | 9,963 | 271,212 | 16,528 | $(142,733)$ | 145,007 |
| Comparatives |  | 245,973 | 27,738 | $(140,958)$ | 132,753 | 2,888 | 6,785 | 553 | $(5,845)$ | (246) | - | 239,609 | 36,758 | $(140,586)$ | 135,781 |

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 7. Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment (continued)
(b) Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment

## Valuation of Assets

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various Accounting Standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a "level" in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
Refer to Note 7a for the disclosure of the Fair Value Levels of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment Assets.

## Information on Valuations

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Valuations of Crown land, community land and land subject to other restrictions on use or disposal, shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 3 valuation inputs, are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, but include adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset that are not directly or indirectly observable in that market, or the number and / or amount of observable adjustments of which are so great that the valuation is more fairly described as being based on level 3 valuation inputs.

There is no known market for buildings, infrastructure and other assets. These assets are valued at depreciated current replacement cost. This method involves:

- The determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this or similar Councils, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate.
- The calculation of the depreciation that would have accumulated since original construction using current estimates of residual value and useful life under the prime cost depreciation method adopted by Council.

This method has significant inherent uncertainties, relying on estimates of quantities of materials and labour, residual values and useful lives, and the possibility of changes in prices for materials and labour, and the potential for development of more efficient construction techniques.

## Other Information

At 1 July 2004 upon the transition to AIFRS, Council elected pursuant to AASB 1. D5 to retain a previously established deemed cost under GAAP as its deemed cost. With subsequent addition at cost, this remains as the basis of recognition of non-material asset classes.

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are re-stated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset determined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, current replacement cost is taken to be the fair value.

## Highest and best use

All of Council's non financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 7. Infrastructure, Property, Plant \& Equipment (continued)

## Transition to AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement

The requirements of AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement have been applied to all valuations undertaken since 1 July 2013 as shown by the valuation dates by individual asset classes below.

## Land

Council being of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably to qualify for recognition,land under roads has not been recognised in these reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

Freehold land and land over which Council has control, but does not have title, is recognised on the cost basis.
No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land.
Land assets were revalued at the 1st July 2021 by Martin Burns of Liquid Pacific Holdings Pty Ltd.
Estimated future costs of reinstatement of land, capitalised in accordance with AASB 116.16(c), are reviewed annually (see Note 1) and depreciated over the estimated remaining life of the relevant asset.

## Buildings \& Other Structures

Buildings and other structures generally are recognised at fair value, based on current market value. These assets were revalued as at 1 July 2021 by Martin Burns of Liquid Pacific Holdings Pty Ltd.

Council conducted a detailed verification of Buildings \& Other Structures in the reporting period and identified several assets which were owned by various community groups but were previously included in Council's asset register. Current replacement cost of these assets was $\$ 10.2 \mathrm{M}$ with a written down value of $\$ 1.73 \mathrm{M}$. Also, there were serveral other assets where ownership of those assets are not clearly defined. These assets are on ground lease but they are not listed in the lease agreement. The current replacement cost of these assets is $\$ 5.06 \mathrm{M}$ and written down value is $\$ 0.8 \mathrm{M}$ at the reporting date. Council will do further work in the financial year 2023/24 to determine legal ownership of these assets.

As a result of the removal of community owned assets and revaluation of all other Building \& Structure assets depreciation expense for Building \& Structure assets decreased by $\$ 237 \mathrm{~K}$.

## Infrastructure

Transportation assets were re-valued by Tonkins Consulting as at 1st July 2021. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost. As a result of revaluation depreciation expense for Infrastructure assets increased by $\$ 421 \mathrm{~K}$.

Stormwater drainage infrastructure was re-valued by Tonkins Consulting as at 1st July 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost. Stormwater assets will be revalued as at 1st July 2022.

Community Wastewater Management System (CWMS) infrastructure was re-valued by Tonkins Consulting as at 1st July 2021. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost. As a result of revaluation depreciation expense for CWMS assets increased by $\$ 20 \mathrm{~K}$.

Bridges assets were revalued by Tonkin Consulting as at 1 July 2018.

## Plant, Machinery \& Equipment

These assets are recognised on the cost basis.
Office Equipment, Furniture \& Fittings
These assets are recognised on the cost basis.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 8. Liabilities

| \$ 000 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 | 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(a) Trade and Other Payables

| Goods \& Services | 1,294 | - | 1,178 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Rates | 149 | - | 119 | - |
| - Grants, Subsidies, Contributions - Operating | 4 | - | 286 | - |
| - Grants \& Contributions - Capital | 437 | - | 409 | - |
| Accrued Expenses - Employee Entitlements | 93 | - | 99 | - |
| Accrued Expenses - Other | 187 | - | 201 | - |
| Deposits, Retentions \& Bonds | 2 | 50 | 2 | 50 |
| Other | 130 | - | 129 | - |
| Total Trade and Other Payables | 2,296 | 50 | 2,423 | 50 |
|  | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 | 2021 |
| \$ '000 Notes | Current | Non Current | Current | Non Current |

(b) Borrowings

| Loans |  | 58 | 4,599 | 66 | 3,954 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Lease Liabilities |  | $17 b$ | 1 | 34 | - |
| Total Borrowings |  | 59 | 4,633 | - | 66 |

## (c) Provisions

| Employee Entitlements AL (including oncosts) | 441 | - | 431 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Employee Entitlements LSL (including oncosts) | 604 | 112 | 561 | 78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 9. Reserves

|  | as at 30/06/21 |  |  |  | as at 30/06/22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ '000 | Opening Balance | Increments (Decrements) | Transfers | Impairments | Closing Balance |

(a) Asset Revaluation Reserve

| Land | 9,752 | 2,967 | - | - | 12,719 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buildings \& Other Structures | 8,721 | $(2,547)$ | - | - | 6,174 |
| Infrastructure |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Bridges | 3,590 | - | - | - | 3,590 |
| - Stormwater Drainage | 11,023 | - | - | - | 11,023 |
| - CWMS | 6,417 | 779 | - | - | 7,196 |
| - Transport Infrastructure | 69,620 | 8,764 | - | - | 78,384 |
| Total Asset Revaluation Reserve | 109,123 | 9,963 | - | - | 119,086 |
| Comparatives | 109,369 | - | - | (246) | 109,123 |


|  | as at 30/06/21 |  |  |  | as at 30/06/22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ '000 | Opening Balance | Tfrs to Reserve | Tfrs from Reserve | Other Movements | Closing Balance |

(b) Other Reserves

| Balaklava Depot Relocation Reserve | 1 | - | (1) | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Open Space Reserve | 79 | - | - | - | 79 |
| Total Other Reserves | 80 | - | (1) | - | 79 |
| Comparatives | 164 | - | (84) | - | 80 |

## Purposes of Reserves

## Asset Revaluation Reserves

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements arising from changes in fair value of non current assets (less any subsequent impairment losses, where applicable).

## Balaklava Depot Relocation Reserve

This reserve was established in 2011, it was funded from the net proceeds from the sale of the old Port Wakefield depot. Council purchased the new Balaklava depot, therefore, this reserve is expended as at 30 June 2022.

## Open Space Reserve

Open Space Reserve holds funds received from developers in lieu of providing open space land as part of a sub-division. Allocations from the reserve are used for acquiring or developing future open space facilities.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 10. Assets Subject to Restrictions

Council does not hold any assets subject to restrictions.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 11. Reconciliation to Statement of Cash Flows

| $\$$ '000 | Notes | 2022 | 2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

Cash Assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

| Total Cash \& Equivalent Assets | 5 | 131 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balances per Statement of Cash Flows |  | 131 |

(b) Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Cash from Operating Activities

| Net Surplus/(Deficit) | 575 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Non-Cash Items in Income Statements |  |  |
| Depreciation, Amortisation \& Impairment | 6,043 | $(754)$ |
| Grants for capital acquisitions treated as Investing Activity | 400 | $(231)$ |
| Net (Gain) Loss on Disposals | 6,264 | 299 |
|  |  | 6,901 |
| Add (Less): Changes in Net Current Assets | $(328)$ | $(333)$ |
| Net (Increase)/Decrease in Receivables | 104 | 156 |
| Net (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories | $(155)$ | $(298)$ |
| Net Increase/(Decrease) in Trade \& Other Payables | 87 |  |
| Net Increase/(Decrease) in Other Provisions | 5,972 | 6,398 |
| Net Cash provided by (or used in) operations |  |  |

(c) Financing Arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:
Corporate Credit Cards 20
LGFA Cash Advance Debenture Facility
12,000
9,500

The bank overdraft facilities may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice.

## Wakefield Regional Council

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 12(a). Functions
Income, Expenses and Assets have been directly attributed to the following Functions / Activities. Details of these Functions/Activities are provided in Note 12(b).

| \$ '000 | $\begin{array}{rr} & \text { INCOME } \\ 2022\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{rr}  & \text { EXPENSES } \\ 2022 & 2021 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | operating SURPLUS (DEFICIT) |  | GRANTS INCLUDED IN INCOME |  | TOTAL ASSETS HELD (CURRENT \& NON-CURRENT) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Functions/Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other | - | - |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 842 | 830 |
| Admin and Governance | 12,148 | 11,096 | 1,335 | 1,352 | 10,813 | 9,744 | 2,534 | 3,248 | 6,317 | 5,814 |
| Economic Affairs | 614 | 1,117 | 813 | 1,169 | (199) | (52) | 382 | 618 | 659 | 650 |
| Protection of the Environment | 2,273 | 2,301 | 2,888 | 2,651 | (615) | (350) | 8 | 119 | - | - |
| Recreation \& Culture | 375 | 17 | 2,355 | 2,063 | $(1,980)$ | $(2,046)$ | 5 | 9 | 14,041 | 13,843 |
| Transport | 1,906 | 2,387 | 7,913 | 6,993 | $(6,007)$ | $(4,606)$ | 1,886 | 1,054 | 102,741 | 92,655 |
| Public Order \& Safety | 59 | 53 | 204 | 203 | (145) | (150) | - | - | 55 | 54 |
| Housing \& Community Amenities | 60 | 193 | 1,680 | 1,454 | $(1,620)$ | $(1,261)$ | - | - | 21,568 | 21,265 |
| Other Purpose | 99 | 76 | 125 | 299 | (26) | (223) | - | - | 4,140 | 4,082 |
| Total Functions/Activities | 17,534 | 17,240 | 17,313 | 16,184 | 221 | 1,056 | 4,815 | 5,048 | 150,363 | 139,193 |

[^4]Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 12(b). Components of Functions

## The activities relating to Council functions are as follows:

## ADMIN AND GOVERNANCE

Governance, Administration n.e.c., Elected Members, Organisational, Support Services, Accounting/Finance, Payroll, Housing for Council Employees, Human Resources, Information Technology, Communication, Rates Administration, Records, Occupancy, Contract Management, Customer Service, Other Support Services, Revenues, LGGC - General Purpose, and Separate and Special Rates.

## ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

Employment Creation Programs, Regional Development, Support to Local Businesses, Tourism, and Other Economic Development.

## PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT

Agricultural Services, Agricultural Water, Animal/Plant Boards, Landcare, Other Agricultural Services, Waste Management, Domestic Waste, Green Waste, Recycling, Transfer Stations, Waste Disposal Facility, Other Waste Management, Other Environment, Coastal Protection, Stormwater and Drainage, Street Cleaning, Street Lighting, Streetscaping, Natural Resource Management Levy, and Other Environment.

## RECREATION AND CULTURE

Jetties, Other Marine Facilities, Parks and Gardens, Sports Facilities - Indoor, Sports Facilities - Outdoor, Swimming Centres - Indoor, Swimming Centres - Outdoor, and Other Recreation. Library Services, Mobile Libraries and Housebound Services, Static Libraries, Other Library Services, Cultural Services, Cultural Venues, Heritage, Museums and Art Galleries, and Other Cultural Services.

## TRANSPORT

Aerodrome, Bridges, Bus Service, Footpaths and Kerbing, Roads - sealed, Roads - formed, Roads - natural formed, Roads - unformed, Traffic Management, LGGC - roads (formula funded), and Other Transport.

## PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY

Aerodrome, Bridges, Bus Service, Footpaths and Kerbing, Roads - sealed, Roads - formed, Roads - natural formed, Roads - unformed, Traffic Management, LGGC - roads (formula funded), and Other Transport.

## HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Community Amenities, Bus Shelters, Cemeteries, Public Conveniences, Car Parking - non-fee-paying and Other Community Amenities.

## OTHER PURPOSE

Caravan Parks, Private Works.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 13. Financial Instruments

## Recognised Financial Instruments

## Bank, Deposits at Call, Short Term Deposits

## Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost; interest is recognised when earned.

## Terms \& Conditions:

Deposits are returning fixed interest rates between $0.30 \%$ and $1.05 \%$ ( $2021: 0.30 \%$ and $0.45 \%$ ). Short term deposits have an average maturity of 7.65 days and an average interest rate of $0.39 \%$ (2021: 7.1 days and $0.35 \%$ ).

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.

## Receivables - Rates \& Associated Charges

## Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

## Terms \& Conditions:

Secured over the subject land, arrears attract interest of $5.05 \%$ (2021: $5.05 \%$ ). Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries in the State.

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

## Receivables - Fees \& Other Charges

## Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

## Terms \& Conditions:

Unsecured, and do not bear interest. Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries.

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

## Receivables - Other Levels of Government

## Accounting Policy:

Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. An impairment provision is recognised using the expected credit loss method.

## Terms \& Conditions:

Amounts due have been calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective programs following advice of approvals, and do not bear interest. All amounts are due by Departments and Agencies of State and Federal Governments.

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

## Liabilities - Creditors and Accruals

## Accounting Policy:

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

## Terms \& Conditions:

Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms.

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

## Liabilities - Interest Bearing Borrowings

Accounting Policy:
Initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

## Terms \& Conditions:

Secured over future revenues, borrowings are repayable (describe basis); interest is charged at fixed (or variable - describe) rates between 2.05\% and 7.35\% (2021: 1.30\% and 7.35\%).

## Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

## Liabilities - Leases

Accounting Policy:
Accounted for in accordance with AASB 16 as stated in Note 17.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

| \$ '000 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Due } \\ <1 \text { year } \end{array}$ | Due > 1 year $\& \leq 5$ years | Due <br> > 5 years | Total Contractual Cash Flows | Carrying Values |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Financial Assets and
Liabilities

## 2022

## Financial Assets

| Cash \& Cash Equivalents | 131 | - | - | 131 | 131 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receivables | 1,992 | 38 | - | 2,030 | 2,028 |
| Total Financial Assets | 2,123 | 38 | - | 2,161 | 2,159 |
| Financial Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payables | 1,706 | 50 | - | 1,756 | 1,756 |
| Current Borrowings | 73 | - | - | 73 | 58 |
| Non-Current Borrowings | - | 4,961 | - | 4,961 | 4,599 |
| Leases | 8 | 28 | - | 36 | 35 |
| Total Financial Liabilities | 1,787 | 5,039 | - | 6,826 | 6,448 |

## 2021

Financial Assets

| Cash \& Cash Equivalents | 37 | - | - | 37 | 37 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Receivables | 1,613 | 135 | - | 1,748 | 1,743 |  |
| Total Financial Assets | 1,650 | 135 | - | 1,785 | 1,780 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Liabilities | 1,609 | 50 | - | 1,659 | 84 | 1,659 |
| Payables | 84 | - | - | 66 |  |  |
| Current Borrowings | - | 4,254 | - | 4,254 | 3,954 |  |
| Non-Current Borrowings | 1,693 | 4,304 | - | 5,997 | 5,679 |  |
| Total Financial Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's Borrowings at balance date:

| \$ '000 | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weighted Avg Interest Rate | Carrying Value | Weighted Avg Interest Rate | Carrying Value |
| Other Variable Rates | 2.25\% | 4,407 | 1.72\% | 3,669 |
| Fixed Interest Rates | 5.72\% | 285 | 5.60\% | 351 |
|  |  | 4,692 |  | 4,020 |

## Net Fair Value

All carrying values approximate fair value for all recognised financial instruments. There is no recognised market for the financial assets of the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

## Risk Exposures

Credit Risk represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Council is the carrying amount, net of any impairment. All Council investments are made with the SA Local Government Finance Authority and are guaranteed by the SA Government. Except as detailed in Notes 5 \& 6 in relation to individual classes of receivables, exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

Market Risk is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of Council's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor currency risk apply.

Liquidity Risk is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities. In accordance with the model Treasury Mangement Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates. Council also has available a range of bank overdraft and standby borrowing facilities that it can access.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

## Expected Credit Losses (ECL)

Council uses an allowance matrix to measure expected credit losses for receivables from individual customers, which comprise a large number of small balances. As rates and annual charges are secured over subject land no allowance for such receivables is made. Council does not anticipate any ECLs from receivables (excluding secured rates and charges, GST and other amounts held in trust). Impairment analysis is performed each reporting date. ECLS are based on credit history adjusted for forward looking estimates and economic conditions.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

Note 14. Capital Expenditure and Other Expenditure Commitments
\$'000 2022

Capital Commitments
Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:

| Buildings and Structures Assets | 2,693 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Transport Assets | 102 | 105 |
|  | 2,795 | 105 |
| These expenditures are payable: |  |  |
| Not later than one year | 2,795 | 105 |
|  | 2,795 | 105 |

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 15. Financial Indicators

|  | Indicator | Indicators |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |

Financial Indicators overview
These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with Information paper 9 -Local Government Financial Indicators prepared as part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia.

## 1. Operating Surplus Ratio

Operating Surplus
Total Operating Income
This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total operating revenue.
2. Net Financial Liabilities Ratio

Net Financial Liabilities
Total Operating Income
Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets (excluding equity accounted investments in Council businesses). These are expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue.

## Adjusted Operating Surplus Ratio

Operating Surplus
Total Operating Income

## Adjustments to Ratios

In recent years the Federal Government has made advance payments prior to 30th June from future year allocations of financial assistance grants, as explained in Note 1. These Adjusted Ratios correct for the resulting distortion in key ratios for each year and provide a more accurate basis for comparison.

Adjusted Net Financial Liabilities Ratio
Net Financial Liabilities
Total Operating Income

## 3. Asset Renewal Funding Ratio

Asset Renewals
Infrastructure \& Asset Management Plan required expenditure
71\%
114\%
114\%

Asset renewals expenditure is defined as capital expenditure on the renewal and replacement of existing assets relative to the optimal level planned, and excludes new capital expenditure on the acquisition of additional assets.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 16. Uniform Presentation of Finances
\$'000
2022
2021

The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Council prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis.

All Councils in South Australia have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis.

The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Council's finances.

| Income | 17,534 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| less Expenses | 17,240 <br> Operating Surplus / (Deficit) <br>  <br> Net Outlays on Existing Assets <br> Capital Expenditure on Renewal and Replacement of Existing Assets <br> add back Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment <br> add back Proceeds from Sale of Replaced Assets | 221 |
|  | 1,056 |  |

## Net Outlays on New and Upgraded Assets

Capital Expenditure on New and Upgraded Assets (including Investment Property \& Real Estate Developments)
add back Amounts Received Specifically for New and Upgraded Assets
782
add back Proceeds from Sale of Surplus Assets (including investment property, real estate developments \& non-current assets held for resale)

205
(496) $(2,299)$

Net Lending / (Borrowing) for Financial Year
(289)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 17. Leases
(i) Council as a lessee

Terms and conditions of leases
Plant \& Equipment
Council entered a five years lease agreement for a Forklift in September 2021.
Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised within Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment and the movements during the period:
(a) Right of use assets

| \$ '000 | Ready to use | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 |  |  |
| Opening balance | - | - |
| Additions to right-of-use assets | 40 | 40 |
| Depreciation charge | (6) | (6) |
| Balance at 30 June | 34 | 34 |
| 2021 |  |  |
| Opening balance | - | - |
| Balance at 30 June | - | - |

(b) Lease liabilities

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under interest-bearing loans and borrowings) and the movements during the period:

| \$ '000 | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Balance at 1 July | - | - |
| Additions | 40 | - |
| Accretion of interest | 1 | - |
| Payments | $(6)$ | - |
| Balance at 30 June | 35 | - |
| Classified as: |  | - |
| Current | 8 | - |
| Non Current | 27 | - |

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is included in Note 13.
The Council had total cash outflows for leases of $\$ 6,358.40$.
The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:
Depreciation expense of Right-of-Use Assets

| 6 | - |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |
| 7 | - |

## Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

## Note 18. Superannuation

The Council made employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to Statewide Super (formerly Local Government Superannuation Scheme) untill April 2022. In April 2022 Statewide Super merged with Hostplus and since then Council is making employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to Hostplus. There are two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Permanent and contract employees of the South Australian Local Government sector with Salarylink benefits prior to 24 November 2009 have the option to contribute to the Accumulation section and/or Salarylink. All other employees (including casuals) have all contributions allocated to the Accumulation section.

## Accumulation only Members

Accumulation only members receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are based on a fixed percentage of ordinary time earnings in accordance with superannuation guarantee legislation ( $10.00 \%$ in 2021/22; $9.50 \%$ in 2020/21). No further liability accrues to the Council as the superannuation benefits accruing to employees are represented by their share of the net assets of the Fund.

## Salarylink (Defined Benefit Fund) Members

Salarylink is a defined benefit scheme where the benefit payable is based on a formula determined by the member's contribution rate, number of years and level of contribution and final average salary. Council makes employer contributions to Salarylink as determined by the Fund's Trustee based on advice from the appointed Actuary. The rate is currently $6.3 \%$ ( $6.3 \%$ in 2020/21) of "superannuation" salary.

In addition, Council makes a separate contribution of 3\% of ordinary time earnings for Salarylink members to their Accumulation account. Employees also make member contributions to the Salarylink section of the Fund. As such, assets accumulate in the Salarylink section of the Fund to meet the member's benefits, as defined in the Trust Deed, as they accrue.

The Salarylink section is a multi-employer sponsored plan. As the Salarylink section's assets and liabilities are pooled and are not allocated by each employer, and employees may transfer to another employer within the local government sector and retain membership of the Fund, the Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers. As provided by AASB 119.34(a), Council does not use defined benefit accounting for these contributions.

The most recent actuarial investigation was conducted by the Fund's actuary, Louise Campbell, FIAA, of Willis Towers Watson as at 30 June 2020. The Trustee has determined that the current funding arrangements are adequate for the expected Salarylink liabilities. However, future financial and economic circumstances may require changes to Council's contribution rates at some future time.

## Contributions to Other Superannuation Schemes

Council also makes contributions to other superannuation schemes selected by employees under the "choice of fund" legislation. All such schemes are of the accumulation type, where the superannuation benefits accruing to the employee are represented by their share of the net assets of the scheme, and no further liability attaches to the Council.

## Note 19. Interests in Other Entities

Council has no interest in any Equity Accounted Businesses such as Joint Ventures, Associates \& Joint Operations.

## Note 20. Non-Current Assets Held for Sale \& Discontinued Operations

Council does not have any Non-Current Assets Held for Sale or any Discontinued Operations.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 21. Contingencies \& Assets/Liabilities Not Recognised in the Balance Sheet

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but knowledge is considered relevant to the users of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources.

## 1. Land under roads

As reported in the Financial Statements, Council is of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably for these assets to qualify for recognition, and accordingly land under roads has not been recognised in the reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

At reporting date, Council controlled $2,700 \mathrm{~km}$ of road reserves of average width 20 metres.

## 2. Potential insurance losses

Council is a multi-purpose organisation providing a large range of building, parks infrastructure, playgrounds and other facilities accessible to the public. At any time, it is likely that claims will have been made against Council that remain unsettled.

Council insures against all known insurable risks using a range of insurance policies, each of which is subject to deductable "insurance excesses", the amount of which varies according to the class of insurance.

Council has recognised the potential losses arising from claims known at reporting date based on average historical net cost (including insurance excess) of similar types of claims. Other potential claims not reported to Council may have existed at reporting date.

## 3. Legal expenses

Council is the planning consent authority for its area under the Development Act 1993 (as amended). Pursuant to that Act, certain persons aggrieved by a planning decision of the Council may appeal. It is normal practice that parties bear their own legal costs. At the date of these reports, Council did not have any notice of appeals against planning decisions made prior to reporting date. All known costs have been recognised, but the amount of further costs cannot be known until the appeals are determined.

## Note 22. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Events that occur after the reporting date of 30 June 2022, up to and including the date when the financial statements are "authorised for issue" have been taken into account in preparing these statements.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Auditors' Report as the appropriate "authorised for issue" date relating to these General Purpose Financial Statements.

Council is unaware of any material or significant "non adjusting events" that should be disclosed.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022
Note 23. Related Party Transactions

## Key Management Personnel

## Transactions with Key Management Personnel

The Key Management Personnel of the Council include the Mayor, Councillors, CEO and certain prescribed officers under section 112 of the Local Government Act 1999. In all, 15 persons were paid the following total compensation:

The compensation paid to Key Management Personnel comprises:

| Short-Term Employee Benefits | 658 | 736 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Allowances | 137 | 145 |
| Total | 795 | 881 |

Amounts paid as direct reimbursement of expenses incurred on behalf of Council have not been included above.

Council has no related party transactions in the reporting year.

# DeanNewbery 

HEAD OFFICE

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of the Wakefield Regional Council
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North Adelaide SA 5006
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Dean Newbery
ABN: 30164612890

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Wakefield Regional Council (the Council), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Certification of the Financial Statements.

In our opinion, the financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 2011 and the Australian Accounting Standards.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described as in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Council's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and for such internal control as Council determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report to be free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, Council is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Council either intends to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Council's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that the audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Council.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

DEAN NEWBERY


Samantha Creten
Partner
Signed on the $1^{\text {st }}$ day of December 2022, at 214 Melbourne Street, North Adelaide

## DeanNewbery

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## INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROLS OF WAKEFIELD REGIONAL COUNCIL

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Wakefield Regional Council (the Council) has complied, in all material respects, with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to the Internal Controls established by the Council relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Council have been conducted properly and in accordance with law for the period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

## Basis for opinion

We have audited the Internal Controls of the Council under the requirements of Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities for the period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

We conducted our engagement in accordance with Standard on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000 Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and ASAE 3150 Assurance Engagements on Controls issued by the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## The Council's Responsibility for the Internal Controls

The Council is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate system of internal controls, in accordance with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 to ensure that the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, the acquisition and disposal of property, and incurring of liabilities have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

## Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements, and applying Auditing Standard ASQC 1 Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Review of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, and Other Assurance Engagements in undertaking the assurance engagement.

## Assurance Practitioner's Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities, based on our procedures have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

ASAE 3150 requires that we plan and performed our procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether, in all material respects, the controls are suitably designed to achieve the control objectives and the controls operating effectively through the period. ASAE 3000 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements for the Australian professional accounting bodies.

An assurance engagement to report on the designed and operating effectiveness of controls involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the suitability of the design of the controls to achieve the control objectives and the operating effectiveness of the controls throughout the period. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks that the controls are not suitably designed or the controls did not operate effectively. Our procedures included testing the operating effectiveness to the controls that we consider necessary to achieve the control objectives identified. An Assurance engagement of this type also includes evaluating the suitability of the control objectives.

## Limitation on Use

This report has been prepared for the members of the Council in accordance with Section 129(1)(b) of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to the Internal Controls specified above. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this report to any persons or users other than the members of the Council, or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

## Limitations of Controls

Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control structure it is possible that, even if the controls are suitably designed and operating effectively, the control objectives may not be achieved so that fraud, error, or non-compliance with laws and regulations may occur and not be detected.

An assurance engagement on operating effectiveness of controls is not designed to detect all instances of controls operating ineffectively as it is not performed continuously throughout the period and the tests performed are on a sample basis. Any projection of the outcome of the evaluation of controls to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.

## DEAN NEWBERY



SAMANTHA CRETEN

## PARTNER

Signed on the $1^{\text {st }}$ day of December 2022
at 214 Melbourne Street, North Adelaide, South Australia, 5006

## Wakefield Regional Council

## General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

## Certification of Auditor Independence

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of Wakefield Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2022, the Council's Auditor, Dean Newbery Chartered Accountants has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

## CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Andrew Macdonald

## Chief Executive Officer



Rodney Reid
Presiding Member, Audit \& Risk Committee

Date: 30 November 2022

## DeanNewbery

I confirm that, for the audit of the financial statements of Wakefield Regional Council for the year ended 30 June 2022, I have maintained my independence in accordance with the requirements of APES 110 - Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, Part 4A, published by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22 (5) Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.


## SAMANTHA CRETEN

## Partner

## DEAN NEWBERY

## Dated this $1^{\text {st }}$ day of December 2022


[^0]:    Source: Electoral Commission SA (20/7/2022)

[^1]:    The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

[^2]:    The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

[^3]:    The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

[^4]:    Revenues and expenses exclude net gain (loss) on disposal or revaluation of assets, amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets and physical resources received free of charge.

